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## POST OFFICE.

## FORTY-NINTH REPORT

or

## THE POSTMASTER GENERAL

on

## THE POST OFFICE.



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# FORTY-NINTH REPORT 

OF THE

## POSTMASTER GENERAI,

ON THE

## POST 0FFICE.

## Fresentex to both \%auses of Farliament by Commuand of \%id fiafesty.



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## FORTY-NINTH ANNUAL REPORT.

## TO THE RIGHT HONOURABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF HIS MAJESTY'S TREASURY.

## My Lords,

I have the honour to submit to your Lordships the Forty-ninth Annual Report of the Postmaster-General, being an account of the business of the Post Office during the year ended the 31st March 1903.

The extension of the postal order system and the concessions to the public in respect of a reduced fee for telegram receipts and free redirection of telegrams by post, though initiated in the period under review, were not actually carried out until the present financial year, and I shall not therefore refer to them in detail on the present occasion.

It is estimated that the number of postal packets delivered in Statistics of the United Kingdom during the year 1902-3, was as follows :- postal

| - | Number. | Increase per Cent. | Average No. to each Person. | See also Appendix A., pp. 28-33. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Letters | 2,579,500,000 | 5-2 | $61 \cdot 3$ |  |
| Postcards - | 488,900,000 | 9•9 | 11.6 |  |
| Book packets and circulars | 809,800,000 | 5*7 | $19 \cdot 8$ |  |
| Newspapers | 175,400,000 | 3.3 | $4 \cdot 2$ |  |
| Parcels | 90,300,000 | $4 \cdot 3$ | $2 \cdot 1$ |  |
| Total | 4,148,900,000 | $5 \cdot 7$ | $98 \cdot 5$ |  |

There has been considerable growth in the number of every kind of article transmitted by post.

The rate of increase for letters was considerably larger in the Letters. rural districts than in the towns, with the exception of London, where about 29 per cent. of the whole number of letters in the United Kingdom were delivered, and where the increase was $7 \cdot 2$ per cent.

The large increase of 9.9 per cent. in the number of post- Postcards. cards, following on one of $6 \cdot 2$ per cent. in the previous year, is almost entirely due to the traffic in pictorial post cards. In Scotland the rate of increase was 17 per cent. Private post cards are now estimated to be about 69 per cent. of the whole, number.

Registered letters and parcels. See also Appendix A., pp. 34-37.

The trade in cheap jewellery in Scotland, which caused an abnormal increase in the number of registered letters and parcels in 1900 and 1901, has apparently fallen off, as the figures have come down to the normal level. The number of letters registered in the United Kingdom in 1902-3 was 19,016,000, an increase of $1 \cdot 1$ per cent.; and the number of parcels registered was $1,065,000$, a decrease of $1 \cdot 3$ per cent. on the figures for the previous year.

## Express Delivery Service.

See also The total number of express services was $1,107,100$, as comAppendix A., pared with 941,900 in the previous year, an increase of $17 \cdot 5$ per
p. 38 . p. 38.

Statistics. See also Appendix G., pp. 63-4.

## Lottery

 circulars in undelivered 'etters.Carelessness of pablic.
cent.

In London alone over $1,120,000$ articles were delivered by express messengers, including 393,000 letters sent out for delivery in advance of the postman. There was an increase of 21 per cent. in the number of express services performed on Sundays in London, over 4,000 letters being delivered in this way, the special fees for the service averaging over 7d. each.

## Undelivered Postal Packets.

The following are the numbers of undelivered packets dealt with during the year :-

| Description. | Number. | Increase ( + ) or Decrease ( - ) as compared with previous year. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total. | Per Cent. |
| Letters | 10,905,023 | + 721,157 | + $7 \cdot 08$ |
| Postcards - - | 1,888,093 | + 131,012 | + 7.45 |
| Book packets and circulars | 12,034,150 | + 510,878 | + 4.48 |
| Nemspapers - - | 600,661 | - 14,624 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { - } \mathbf{2 . 3 7} \\ \hline+5.88\end{array}$ |
| Parcele | 255,289 | + 12,817 | + $5 \cdot 28$ |

The number of undelivered letters which could not be returned to the owners was $1,189,000$, an increase of more than 20 per cent. over the figures for the previous year-due partly to the destruction of a large number of letters containing lottery circulars. The number of letters returned as undeliverable from places abroad-789,430-was swollen by a number of foreign lottery circulars posted in this country and returned from Canada as coutrary to the regulations. Such circulars when found in the post in open covers are always stopped and destroyed.
I am impressed with the immense amount of unnecessary labour which might be saved to the Post. Office if the public would exercise more care in addressing correspondence. Most of the twenty-five and a half millions of letters, \&c. above
referred to could not be delivered because the addresses written by the senders on the covers were either incorrect or insufficient, or because no address at all was given.

This carelessness is not confined to communications of an Registered unimportant character. During the year 324,403 registered and property letters and letters containing property were sent to the Returned Letter Offices as undeliverable. They were found to contain $18,862 l$. in coin and hank notes and $714,200 l$. in bills, cheques, money and postal orders, and stamps.

No fewer than 367,519 postal packets were found without Unaddressed any address at all. The contents included 186l. in coin and letters, \&c. bank notes and $16,195 l$. in other forms of money. Nearly the whole of this was returned to the senders. Owing chiefly to the use of flimsy envelopes and insecurely fastened labels, $1,184 l$. in coin, $24,000 l$. in cheques, postal orders, \&c., and 93,232 other articles were found loose in the post, a large increase on the previous year.

## Home Mail Services.

In the course of the year the Great Western Railway Payment to Company, who had given notice to terminate the contract for the Great the conveyance of mails over their lines and demanded a largely increased payment, which I was unable to concede, appealed to the Railway Commissioners to decide the Company for appealed to the Railway Commissioners to decide the case. conveyance Judgment has been given ; and, I am glad to say, the result is of mails. decidedly favourable to the Post Office. The claim of the Company worked out to about $290,000 l$. ; and the sum awarded by the court for the period from the 1st July 1902 was $135,855 l$. This includes the cost of the new special trains between London and Penzance, which are run exclusively for the mail service. The matter is not, however, finally settled, as the Company have given notice of appeal.

On the 1st July an improvement was effected in the night Night mail mail service between the north-eastern and the western districts of England by the substitution of mail trains between Crewe and York for the Crewe and Normanton mail trains. Although no alteration has in consequence been made in the nominal hours of the arrival and despatch of the Mails, the result has been Districts. increased punctuality in the deliveries over a wide area.

Motor vans of various kinds have been used experimentally Use of for the conveyance of mails in different parts of the country. motors. Such vans are now being employed for the conveyance of parcel mails (a) between London and Redhill, (b) between Liverpool and Manchester, and (c) between Manchester and Altrincham. A motor tricycle carrier is being tried on some letter mail services in London. But it is doubtful whether a thoroughly reliable motor vehicle suitable for Post Office work has yet been found.

Use of cycles. A considerable number of additional bicycles and tricycles have been brought into use on rural posts; and trailers have been introduced experimentally in a few cases to provide for the conveyance for a short distance of loads too heavy to be carried on an ordinary bicycle.
Day mails. A more liberal policy has been adopted in providing additional deliveries in country districts; and I hope that it will be possible to afford further facilities in many places.
Shelter hnts Arrangements have been in force for some years past for for postmen. providing shelter huts, where necessary, for rural postmen travelling on foot who have to wait for some hours at the end of their journey. These provisions have now been extended under certain conditions to such mounted postmen as cannot obtain the necessary accommodation for themselves without expense.

## Inland Postal Rates.

Periodical post.

Book and circular post.

Like my predecessors for many years past, I have been urged by various commercial bodies to establish a reduced rate of postage for "periodical" publications other than registered newspapers; but, after giving careful consideration to the subject, I have not felt justified in adopting the suggestion. The particular proposal pressed upon me was that "periodicals" should be allowed to pass through the post at the rate of one half-penny for 6 oz ., the existing rate being one half-penny for 2 oz . If such a concession were allowed, it could not, in my "piniou, be fairly confined to "periodicals," however defined; but I am satisfied that the existing half-peuny post is not remunerative. The cost of conveying and handling a 2 o . packet is, on the average, more than a half-penny; and I can see no sufficient ground for asking your Lordships to assent to the additional loss which would be involved in increasing from 2 oz . to 6 oz . the weighit which may pass at that rate.

It scemed to me that, if any concessions were to be muade in regard to the postal rates for printed matter, they must be general in their application, and must be sought in an increase of the weight transmitted for $1 d$. , rather than in an extension of the lower rate, which is already unremunerative; but after making careful inquiry, I regret to find that the sacrifice of revenue involved in any such scheme would be larger than I could fairly ask your Lordships to sanction at the present time for the benefit of the interests concerned.

As soon as I took office, my attention was drawn to the regulations of what is still known as the " book post," and to the difficulty which the public experience in understanding and complying with the rules in the not infrequent cases in which fine distinctions have to be drawn between the postage payuble upon one partly written document and another.

The basis of the British postal tariff is a minimum charge of $1 d$. for each letter carried by post. This rate was maintained
until the year 1870, when a half-penny post was first introduced for certain classes of documents. It is easy to see now that the broad distinction between written and printed matter was the only one which afforded a clear line of denarcation; and the difficulties which are so constantly felt, both by the public and the Department, arise from the admission to the half-penny post of documents partly printed and partly written. When it is once conceded that some written matter, whether combined with print or not, is admissible at this privileged rate, it becomes impossible to lay down any line of distinction which could be easily understood by the public and observed by the staff of the Department between the written matter, which may pass, and the written matter, which may not.

The general idea underlying the present regulations is to admit documents of a conventional, formal, or impersoual character, and to exclude those of a personal kind; but the line drawn is necessarily an arbitrary one ; and the public find it difficult to understand why of two documents, which are on their face practically identical, one should be charged at the penny and the other at the half-penny rate.

1 have been giving the matter my careful consideration; and whilst I fear it is impossible to frame any rules on the subject which shall be wholly satisfactory, I hope shortly to be in a position to put before your Lordships proposals for removing some of the difficulties to which the present regulations give rise.

A new envelope of "foolscap" size ( 9 by 4 ins.) bearing an Enbossed impressed 1d. stamp has been introduced; and alterations have envolopes. been made in the quality and price of some of the other embossed envelopes issued for sale at Post Offices.

## Foreign and Colonial Post.

A new agreement with the Cunard Company is under The Cunard consideration.
An Inter-Departmental Committee has been appointed to Eastern and consider the future conditions of the Eastern and A.ustralian Australian mail service, notice having been given to terminate on the mailservice. 31 st of January 1905 the contracts of the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company and the Orient Steam Navigation Company.

Arrangements were concluded in the course of the fivancial year for the entry of the Somaliland Protectorate and Southern Nigeria into the Postal Union. The Somaliland Protectorate

New entries into the Postal Union. entered on the 1st of June 1903, and Southern Nigeria will enter on the 1st of October.

In consequence of improvements in the mail service across Mails for the Andes, it has become possible to make increased use of that Chili. route for mails sent hence to Chili. The route is only available during a portion of the year, but from the middle of October uncil the end of February correspondence for all parts of Chili, except Punta Arenas, was forwarded to Buenos Ayres for onward
conveyance overland. This arrangement, which will be resumed in the autumn, results in a considerable acceleration, the transit across the Andes from Buenos Ayres to Santiago and Valparaiso being accomplished in three or four days.
North Brazil, The mails for North Brazil, which were formerly sent vid Mails for Pernambuco, have also been accelerated. They are now forwarded by the Booth Steamship Company's service from Lisbon to Para and Manans, with a consequent gain of nine or ten days.

Trinidad, Turk's Islands, Ascension, and Fanning Islands.

British Postal Agencies in China.

Cheap postage on periodicals from Oanada to United Kingdom.

Letter postage to Australia.

Insured letters.

Other changes which have been made have resulted in an improved mail service for the Island of Trinidad, where the mails from this country now arrive a day earlier than formerly, and for the Turk's Islands, which now benefit by the direct fortnightly mail service from Avonmouth to Jamaica. The mail service to Ascension has been improved, and regular mail communication has also been established with Fanning Island, one of the stations of the Pacific cable.
Letters can now be sent at the rate of $1 d$. per half ounce to and from the British Postal Agencies at the Treaty ports in China.

In deference to representations from the Canadian Post Office I have agreed to accept newspapers and other periodicals from Canada for delivery in the United Kingdom prepaid only at the Canadian domestic rates of postage. I regret that I have been unable to recommend to your Lordships the adoption of these very low rates in the reverse direction. I am of opinion that any rate of postage adopted for Canada must be eventually applied to all other parts of the British Empire, and I do not see any preseut justification for so wide and costly an extension of this unremunerative post.

The efforts made to extend the penny letter scheme to the Commonwealth of Australia have unfortunately not yet been successful. When the system of penny letter postage within the Empire was originated in 1898, the British Government decided that it could only be introduced on a basis of strict reciprocity ; and the Australian Colonies refused to join because of the financial loss involved, their own inland rate for letters being $2 d$. More recently the Commonwealth Government expressed its willingness not to levy charges on letters sent to Australia from this country paid at the penny rate, while maintaining the rate of $2 \frac{1}{2} d$. for letters sent in the reverse direction; but this proposal could not be agreed to, because it would inevitably result in the underpayment of large numbers of the letters sent to this country from Australia-to the disadvantage and annoyance of the recipients, who would be subjected to charges for deficient postage, levied in this country in order to maintain the higher rate current in Australia.

The system of insurance for letters has been extended to the services between the Unitel Kingdom and Japan, the Ottoman Post Offices in Turkey, and certain British and Foreign Postal

Agencies in China, and arrangements are in progress for its extension to several of those British colonies and possessions which have not yet adopted it. A higher limit of insurance for letters has been agreed upon with the Straits Settlements.

The number of insured letters despatched to places abroad during the year was 7,974, against 6,558 during the previous year, an increase of about 20 per cent. The number received from places abroad, viz., 45,444, was practically the same as in the previous year.

The total number of parcels sent to and received from places Number of abroad during the year was $3,354,605$, showing a net decrease parcels. as compared with last year of 59,631 . This is accounted for by the return of a large proportion of the tronps from South Africa and the restoration of normal conditions of transport there, the decrease in the number of parcels sent in the mails to and from the Cape Colony amounting to 403,658 . In other directions there has been a general growth. and a specially large increase has taken place in the number of parcels exchanged with Canada, France, Germany, the Gold Coast, India, New Zealand, and Spain.

The apparent rise in the number of parcels sent to and from Natal, the Orange River Colony, and the Transvaal, is due to a diversion of military parcels from the Cape Colony and Army Post Office mails. There has been a decrease in the parcels exchanged with Ascension, Gibraltar, St. Helena, the Seychelles, and some of the West Indian Colonies and Australian States.

The total number of foreign and colonial parcels insured Insured was 254,718 , as against 226,608 in the previous year, an increase parcels. of about 12 per cent.

In consequence of the failure of the repeated efforts made to Parcel Post establish an exchange of parcels with the United States Post to United Office, an agreement was concluded last year with the American States. Express Company, and a parcel service to the United States through the agency of that Company was cornmenced on the 1st of September 1902. This arrangement with a private carrying company is not as satisfactory as a regular Parcel Post, but it affords facilities which did not before exist for sending parcels from this country to the United States.

I am happy to say that, since the arrangement came into effect, the United States Government has re-opened negotiations for an official Parcel Post to and from this country.

The Parcel Post has also been extended to Dutch New Guinea. The system of insurance for parcels has been extended to British Central Africa, Curaçoa, most of the French and Portuguese Colonies, Queensland, the Seychelles, and Western Australia. A higher limit of insurance has been arranged with the Straits Settlements, and parcels for Tasmania can now be insured against damage as well as loss. The special delivery fee on parcels for Uganda has been abolished.

Additional The arrangement for enabling the sender to pay Customs and facilities. other charges ordinarily collected from the addressee has been extended to Canada.

A scheme whereby the senders of insured parcels can obtain an acknowledgment of their delivery has been adopted in the parcel post betiveen this country and many foreign countries and British colonies. Negotiations for the further extension of the system are proceeding.
Uniform rate Correspondence has been carried on with the Post Offices of of postage on India, Canada, and the South African Colonies, with the view parcels exchanged with the Colonies. of obtrining their adhesion to a scheme already adopted by many other British Colonies for the introduction of a uniform scale of postage for parcels in place of the varying and often high rates now in force. The scale proposed, generally known as the "triple scale," is 18. . 28 ., and 38 . per parcel not exceeding $3 \mathrm{lb} ., 7 \mathrm{lb}$., and 11 lb.

Up to the present time the Indian Post Office and those of the Colonies mentioned have not seen their way to adopt the proposals made to them. Negotiations, however, are still in progress, and it is hoped that some, if not all, of the Post Offices mentioned may shortly be induced to accept the scale.
Exports and imports.

Withdrawal of the Army Post Office from South Africa.
Statistics.

Statistics.
See also Appendix K., pp. 76-85.

According to the Board of Trade Returns, the value of the goods exported and imported by Parcel Post during the last three years has been as follows:-


The fall in the value of the exports last year is doubtless due to the termination of the war in South Africa.

The Army Post Office has been completely withdrawn from South Africa; and all postal communication with the tronןs still on service there is carritd on through the Colonial Post Offices under the ordinary regulations.

The usual statistics of the weight of the ordinary mails and of the number of parcels for and from places abroad are given in Appendix B., on pages 40-45.

## Money Orders.

As will be seen from the following summary, there has been an increase in each branch of money order business, except Government orders, amounting altogether to $4 \cdot 1$ per cent. in number, and $7 \cdot 7$ per cent. in amount :-

|  | Number. |  |  |  | Amount. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1901-2. | 1902-3. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Increase }(+) \\ \text { or } \\ \text { Decrease }(-) . \end{gathered}\right.$ | Rate per Cent. | 1901-2. | 1902-3. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Increase }(+) \\ \text { or } \\ \text { Decrease }(-) . \end{gathered}\right.$ | Rate per Cent. |
| Ordinary - Inland. | 8,718,425 | 9,040,512 | +322,087 | +3.7 | $\stackrel{\text { £ }}{\text { £ }}$ | $\stackrel{£}{28,600,805}$ | $\underset{+2,281,194}{f}$ | +8.7 |
| Telegraph - - | 411,952 | 462,885 | +50,933 | $+12 \cdot 4$ | 1,240,619 | 1,459,496 | +218,877 | $+17 \cdot 6$ |
| Government | 2,761,956 | 2,648,464 | - 113,492 | $-4 \cdot 1$ | 9,099,890 | 8,860,295 | -239,595 | $-2 \cdot 6$ |
| Total nland | 11,892,333 | 12,151,861 | +259,528 | $+2 \cdot 2$ | 36,660,120 | 38,920,596 | +2,260,476 | $+6.2$ |
| Foreign and Colonial. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Issued in the United Kingdom and paid abroad : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Colonial | 142,114 | 161,421 | + 19,307 | +13.6 | 456,901 | 559,941 | + 103,040 | +22.6 |
| Foreign - - | 472,312 | -525,319 | +53,007 | $+11 \cdot 2$ | 1,175,142 | 1,329,582 | + 154,440 | $+13 \cdot 1$ |
| Total outwards - | 614,426 | 686,740 | +72,314 | 11.8 | 1,632,043 | 1,889,523 | + 257,480 | $15 \cdot 8$ |
| Issued abroad and payable in the United |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kingdom: Colonial | 642,621 | 819,071 | +176,450 | +27.5 | 2,006,813 | 2,564,610 | + 557,797 | $+27 \cdot 8$ |
| Foreign . - | 814,030 | 873,752 | +59,722 | +7.3 | 1,870,225 | 2,027,766 | +157,541 | +8.4 |
| Total inwards - | 1,456,651 | 1,692,823 | + 236,172 | $+16.2$ | 3,877,038 | 4,592,376 | + 715,338 | +18.5 |
| Total foreign and colonial - | 2,071,077 | 2,379,563 | +308,486 | $+14 \cdot 9$ | 5,509,081 . | 6,481,899 | +972,818 | $+17 \cdot 7$ |
| Grand Total - - - | 13,963,410 | 14,531,424 | +568,014 | $+4 \cdot 1$ | 42,169,201 | 45,402,495 | +3,233,294 | $+7 \cdot 7$ |

Average The average amount of the different kinds of order was as
amount. follows:-
$\left.\begin{array}{ll}\text { Government } & \begin{array}{c}\text { Government orders, which have largely increased during } \\ \text { orders. }\end{array} \\ & \text { recent, years, show for 1902-3 a decrease of } 4 \cdot 1 \text { per cent. in } \\ \text { number and } 2 \cdot 6 \text { per cent. in amount, due to the War Office }\end{array}\right\}$

| Year ended 31st March. | Number. | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\pm$ |
| 1899 | 622,144 | 2,315,134 |
| 1900 | 797,234 | 2,769,796 |
| 1901 | 1,363,053 | 4,897,446 |
| 1902 | 1,329,518 | 4,269,201 |
| 1903 | 1,149,963 | 3,666,588 |

Colonial orders.

Foreign orders.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Government orders, which have largely increased during recent.years, show for 1902-3 a decrease of $4 \cdot 1$ per cent. in having issued fewer orders since the end of the war in South Africa. There has on the whole been an increase in the orders issued by other Government Departments.

The following figures show the number and amount of free money orders issued by the War Office during the past five years, not including the large number of ordinary orders taken out for army purposes :-

Tuere was a large increase in the money order remittances to and from the colonies. The outward orders exceeded those of the previous year by 19,307 ( $13 \cdot 6$ per cent.) in number and 103, 040 l . ( $22 \cdot 6$ per cent.) in amount. In the inward orders there was an increase of $176,450(27 \cdot 5$ per cent.) in number and 557,797 ( $27 \cdot 8$ per cent.) in amount. No fewer than 77,000 orders for over $300,000 l$. were received from the Transvaal, while the sum transmitted by money orders from the whole of South Africa was 485,0001 . more than in the previous year. From the British American colonies there was an increase of $61,000 \mathrm{l}$., but there was a decrease of over $4,000 \mathrm{l}$. in the orders from the West Indies.

Money orders issued in this country for payment in foreign countries show an increase of 53,007 ( $11 \cdot 2$ per cent.) in number and 154,440l. ( $13 \cdot 1$ per cent.) in amount. In the opposite direction the increase was 59,722 ( $7 \cdot 3$ per cent.) in number and 157,541l. ( $8 \cdot 4$ per cent.) in amount.

The remittances from the United States of America amounted to nearly $1,300,000 l$. or 64 per ces.t. of the whole, an increase
of 104,500l. over last year. The Christmas mails alone brought from New York advices of about 125,0011 ., two-thirds of which were paid to persons in Ireland.

There were transmitted by telegraph during the year to Foreign and from places abroad 14,511 orders, amounting to $78,351 l$. telegraph The corresponding figures for 1901-2 were 11,678 orders for ${ }^{\text {orders. }}$ 65,733l.

The orders transmitted through England between countries "Through" which have no direct money order exchange numbered 93,095, orders. as compared with 68,436 in the previous year. The total amount so remitted was $367,188 l$.

Out of a total sum of $43,121,000 l$. paid on money orders in Payment to the United Kingdom, about one-seventh, viz. $6,427,000 l$. was bankers. paid at the Chief Money Order Office to London bankers.

The only additional exchanges of money orders established Extensions. during the year were to the Cayman Islands and to Uganda. The service with the Orange River Colony was made a direct exchange instead of being carried on through the Post Office of Cape Colony. For the benefit of the troops in China an exchange of money orders has been set up with the Indian base office of the China Field Force at Hong Kong.

The number of money order offices open in the United Money order Kingdom on the 31st March last was 14,121, or 376 more offices. than a year before.

## Postal Orders.

The number of postal orders issued during the yeur was See also $93,268,000$, representing $32,900,000$ l. The produce of the Appendix L., commission on these orders was $392,475 l$. The orders have p. 86. increased 2.4 per cent. in number and decreased 0.2 per cent. in amount as compared with the previous year.

The value of the stamps affixed to postal orders by the holders during the year was $179,008 l$.

## Post Office Savings Bank.

During the year ended the 31st December 1902, the deposits Statistics. and withdrawals were as follows:-

the figures for the previous year being :-

Balance of deposits over withdrawals.

| Deposits. |  | Withdrawals. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | Amount. | No. | Asnount. |
| 15,018,645 | $\stackrel{\stackrel{1}{41,452,051}}{ }$ | 5,748,624 | $\underset{39,890,043}{\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}}$ |

The balance of deposits over withdrawals thus amounted to $821,203 l$., compared with a balance of $1,562,008 l$. in the previous year. The interest credited to depositors for 1902 amounted to $3,390,969 l$., making, with the $821,203 l$. just mentioned, a total addition in the year of $4,212,172 l$. to the amount standing to the credit of depositors, which on the 31st December 1902 had reached $144,605,088 l$. The corresponding addition in 1901 was 4,843,271l.

Further statistics of deposits and withdrawals are as follows:-

| $\longrightarrow$ | Deposits. |  | Withdrawals. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Average No. per Day. | Average Amount per Day. | Average No. per Day. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Average } \\ \text { Amount per } \\ \text { Day. } \end{gathered}$ |
| 1901 | 49,080 | $\stackrel{\underset{135,464}{£}}{\left(y^{2}\right.}$ | 18,786 | $\underset{130,359}{\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}}$ |
| 1902 | 50,001 | 138,416 | 19,714 | 135.723 |

There were 109,187 deposits on the 29th December, and the deposits on the 31st December, though fewer in number, amounted to $339,522 l$. On the 1st August there were 43,892 withdrawals. and on the 7th August the amount withdrawn was $245,533 l$. These were the highest figures for the year.

Withdrawals by telegraph.

The withdrawals by telegraph on the day of application numbered 220,032 . Under the system by which application for the money is made by telegraph, and the warrant is sent by return of post, the withdrawals numbered 14,351 . In the previous year the numbers were 192,308 and 13,108 respectively.

The total number of accounts opened was $1,386,962$, and of accounts closed $1,041,476$. The net increase during the year was thus 345,486 . The yearly increase in the total number of accounts has been remarkably regular during the last 10 years, not having fallen below 340,000 , or, except twice, risen above 400,000.

The total number of accounts remaining open on the 31st December 1902, their distribution, the average amount of each, and the proportion of depositors to population, were as follows:-

Accounts opened and closed.

|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Depositors. } \end{gathered}$ | Total Amount to Credit of Depositors. | Average Amount to Credit of each Depositor. | Proportion of Depositors to Population. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| England and Wales |  |  | £ |  |  |
| Scotland - - | - | $8,303,586$ 405,673 | $129,900,928$ $5,662,188$ | $\begin{array}{rrrr}15 & 12 & 11 \\ 13 & 19 & 2\end{array}$ | 1 in 4 1 in 11 |
| lreland |  | 423,902 | 9,041,978 | $21 \quad 67$ | 1 in 10 |
| Totals | - | 9,133,161 | 144,605,088 | 15168 | 1 in 5 |

The proportion of depositors to population has changed during Average the year in Ireland only, where it has risen from 1 in 11 to accounts. 1 in 10.

The average amount to the credit of each depositor has declined every year since 1899, when it reached its highest point, 16l. 3s. 5 d . The fall in 1900 was 2 s .2 d ; in 1901 , 1s. 9 d .; and in 1902, 2s. 10 d . It is no doubt due in a large measure to the investments made by depositors in Government stock and to the fact that friendly societies and others, who a few years ago let their money accumulate in the bank, can find more profitable investments for it.

The number of friendly societies which opened accounts Accounts of during 190\% was 307 as against 378 in 1901. Accounts to the societies. number of 1,848 were opened for charitable, provident and trade societies, and to the number of 283 for penny banks. The corresponding figures for 1901 were 1,891 and 277.

The amount transferred from Trustee Savings Banks (including Transfers. one which was closed at Alfreton) to the Post Office Savings Bank was $43,175 l$., while sums amounting to $33,642 l$. were transferred from the Post Office Savings Bank to Trustee Banks.

An arrangement was also made whereby servants of the Crown and members of their families returning home from Gibraltar can have their accounts in the local savings bank transferred to the Post Office Savings Bank here. A similar arrangement is contemplated for the henefit of soldier depositors returning to this country from India.

The investments in Government stock by savings bank Government depositors fell off, while the sales largely increased, as will be stock. seen from the following table:-

| Year. | Investments. |  | Sales. |  | Average <br> Price of <br> Consols. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | Amount. | No. | Amount. |  |
|  |  | $\stackrel{\text { ¢ }}{\text { 1,183,029 }}$ |  | $\stackrel{\text { £ }}{714,285}$ |  |
| 1898 1899 | 20,162 | $1,183,029$ $1,670,354$ | 12,567 11,789 | 714,285 686,135 | 111 |
| 1900 | 41,030 | 2,830,918 | 12,028 | 678,374 | 99 年 |
| 1901 | 46,550 | 3,192,154 | 13,574 | 761,629 | 94 |
| 1902 | 40,893 | 2,694,447 | 17,221 | 1,054,193 | 948 |

Annuities and life insurance.

Fifty-three stock certificates to the amount of $9,300 l$. were obtained for depositors, and stock to the amount of $133,133 l$. was transferred to accounts opened for depositors at the Bank of England.

At the close of the year there were 118,696 stockholders with $14,285,617 l$. stock to their credit, an increase of 9,187 stockholders and $1,499,427 l$. stock.

Immediate annuities to the number of 1,679 , and amounting to $42,791 l$., were granted last year, as compared with 1,764 , amounting to $42,268 l$. in 1901. The deferred annuities granted numbered 139, and amounted to $2,973 l$.

Only 722 life insurances were taken out in 1902, the sum insured being 34,646l. The corresponding figures for 1901 were 920 and $44,296 l$.
Expenditure. The net expenditure of the bank for the year was 526,007 l., representing an average cost per transaction of $5 \cdot 93 d$. as against $5 \cdot 84$ d. in 1901.

Profit. After providing for the interest to depositors and the cost of administration, there remained a balance of income over expenditure amounting to $29,809 l$.

Remoral of the Sarings Bank to West Kensington.

New headquarters of the Bank.

The removal of the Post Office Savings Bank from Queen Victoria Street to a new building constructed for it at West Kensington may be recorded here, although it was not completed in the year under review. The transfer of books and documents commenced on the lst January 1903, the first portion of the staff was transferred on the 23 rd March, and the whole removal whs completed on Easter Monday, the 14th April. During all this time the ordinary work of the Department was carried on without interruption or disturbauce-a result which reflects great credit ou all who were responsible for making and carrying out the arrangements.

The new Savings Bank building occupies a site of about tive acres lying between Brook Green and Addison Road Station. The building already erected covers some two acres, consists of six floors, and will accommodate 4,000 reople. It is capable of considerable extension. In constructing and fitting up the building every effort has been made to secure the maximum of efficiency, convenience, and comfort for the staff.

## Telegrapes.

Statistios. The number of telegrams sent over the Post Office wires See also Appendix H ., pp. 65-7.
during the year was $92,471,000$, showing an increase of $2 \cdot 3$ per cent. over the number sent in 1901-2.

The following table gives the number and value of each kind of telegram as compared with the previous year:-

| Class of Telegram. | Number. |  |  | Reoeipts. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1801-2. | 1002-8. | Increase. | 1901-8. | 1902-3. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (+) Increase } \\ & (-) \text { or Decrease. } \end{aligned}$ |
| Ordinary (inland) | 74,721,000 | 75,883,000 | 1,161,000 | $\stackrel{\underset{\sim}{\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}}}{\mathbf{2 , 3 1 , 2 7 7}}$ | $\stackrel{\underset{2,817,834}{\ell}}{\substack{e \\ \hline}}$ | $-{ }_{\mathbf{3}, 438}^{2}$ |
| Prese (inland) - | 6,216,000 | 6,458,000 | 287,000 | 156,780 | 148,740 | + 6,980 |
| Poreign - | 7,627,000 | 7,801,000 | 275,000 | 368,253 | 376,29\% | + 13,046 |
| Railway, free - | 1,368,000 | 1,411,000 | 65,000 | - | - | - |
| " reduced rate | 30,000 | 30,000 | - | 556 | 556 | - |
| Government, free. | 482,000 | 793,000 | 311,000 | - | - | - |
| Totals | 90,488,000 | 82,471,000 | 2,059,000 | 2,881,866 | 2,888,429 | + 16,563 |

The estimated value of the railway free telegrams is $57,616 l$. and of Government free telegrams $46,622 l$., making a total of $104,238 l$. The average value of an inland telegram was $7 \cdot 41 d$., as against $7 \cdot 45 d$. in the previous year.

Every class of telegram shows an increase over the preceding Exceptional year, and the numbers both of ordinary inland telegrams, increase. and of foreign telegrams are the highest ever recorded. The number of ordinary inland telegrams in the month of June exceeded those sent in June 1901 by more than half a million, this increase being due, uo doubt, to the illness of the King and the postponement of the Coronation. On the 23rd June no fewer than 201,559 telegrams passed through the Central Telegraph Office, on the 24th June 311,039, and on the 25th June, 314,126 telegrams. The largest number previously recorded was 199,155 on the day before the funeral of Queen Victoria. The pressure of work both in London and in many of the provincial offices was very severe and taxed to the utmost the energies of the staff. The very large increase in Government telegrams is chiefly due to those sent in connexion with the King's illness.
The average weekly number of words in press telegrams Press teleduring the year has been $14,890,712$ as against $14,344,883$ in grams. 1901-2 and 16,065,602 in the previous year.

The number of new telegraph offices opened at post offices Telegraph during the year was 347, as against 259 in 1901-2. Of the offices. 347 offices, 256 are guaranteed- 138 by local authorities and 118 by private persons. The total number of telegraph offices in the United Kingdom is 9,777 at post offices and 2,352 at railway stations and other "agency" offices.
Temporary telegraph offices were estallished at the military Special camps for the convenience of the Colonial and Indian troops arrangeassembled for the Coronation, and in order to facilitate the ments. arrangements of the military authorities. Arrangements were
also made at Westminster Abbey for the acceptance and forwarding of the Press reports of the Coronation ceremony. The telegrams were lowered from the North Triforium to the ground by a specially devised method, and were then taken to the House of Commons Telegraph Office to be forwarded by pneumatic tube to the Central Telegraph Office.

Storm damage and underground lines.

Additional lines.

The telegraph lines suffered to some extent from stcrms during the year, notably in last February, but grave as was the inconvenience caused by the interruption of the service, it has been a source of satisfaction to find how great an advantage is gained on such emergencies from the underground cable already laid northwards from London. My predecessor noted in his report of last year that the London and Birmingham underground line had been carried to Stafford, and that he hoped during 1902-3 to carry it to Warrington, nearly 54 miles, where it would join existing underground lines between Manchester, Liverpool, and Chester. This hope was fulfilled, and in addition pipes for underground cables have been laid between Preston and Preston lRichard, $37 \frac{1}{2}$ miles, and from Kendal to Shap, about 16 miles.

During the present financial year I hope to complete the line of pipes to Carlisle ( 67 miles of new pipes) to lay a line from Manchester to Leeds ( 45 miles) and a line ( 20 miles) across the Beattock incline, which is much exposed. Wires, permanent or temporary, will be placed in the pipes as far north as Kendal and between Manchester and Leeds.

A new cable to Ireland has been laid between Trecastell and Howth, making provision for various additional circuits hetween London, Edinburgh, and Birmingham on one side of the Channel, and Belfast and Cork on the other. Many new overhead circuits have been provided for improving communication, notably between London and Margate, London and Lynn, Birmingham and Bristol, Bournemouth and Bristol, Birmingham and Grimsby, and with Aberystwyth.

Reserve wires for use in emergencies, carried as far as possible by alternative routes, have been provided during the year in many parts of the kingdom.

Difficulties in constructing telegraph lines.

The construction of telegraphs both underground and overhead is becoming far more difficult than in former years. Not only by the growth of telegraph and telephone systems is the space available for overhead wires along the roads and streets getting filled up, but a new class of difficulties has arisen from the extension of electric light and power services. These services are operated by powerful electric currents, which would be a grave source of danger, alike to post offices and to the lives of my staff, if contact were made with telegraph wires through breakage or otherwise ; and it is well that the statutory powers of the Postmaster General enable me to insist on the
provision of various safeguards wherever light or power installations are established near the telegraphs.

The Post Office telegraph factories have gradually attained Reorganizato a position of much importance; and during the present year tion of they have been disconnected from the telegraph stores, and constituted a separate department of the Post Uffice. At the same time the Telegraph Stores Department has been amalgamated with the Postal Stores Department.

A great improvement in the metropolitan telegraph service Intercomwill, I hope, be brought about by an intercommunication switch munication which has been specially designed and has recently been installed in the Central telegraph office. By its means the various London telegraph offices are enabled to communicate with each other direct, the telegrams no longer having to be retransmitted at the Central Telegraph Office. The number of offices already connected with the switch is 139 .

Direct communication was opened between Liverpool and Bremen on the 1st January, and between London and Milan on the 1st March.

The British Pacific Cable was completed during the year and was opened for traffic on the 8th of December. The cable starts between metropolitan offices. from Vancouver and is laid vid Fanning and Fiji Islands to Norfolk Island with branches from the latter island to Queensland and to New Zealand. The rate for telegrams is 28.6 d . per word to Fanning Island and 3 s. per word to Australia, New Zealand, Fiji, and Norfolk Island.

The first section of the American Pacific Clable, which has been laid from San Francisco viá the Sandwich Islands, Midway and Guam Islands to the Phillipines, was completed as far as Honolulu in January last. The rate for telegrams from this country to Honolulu is $38.7 d$. per word.

The censorship which was imposed on telegrams to South and Censorship East Africa at the commencement of the war was withdrawn in July.

The special facilities afforded by the Eastern Telegraph Reduced Company, under which soldiers' and sailors' telegrams to South rates for Africa and China were forwarded at half rates during the war, were withdrawn on the lst of October.
soldiers' and sailors' telegrams.

It was with much regret that it was found necessary again international to postpone the assembling of the Interuational Telegraph Telegraph Conference. I may, however, here inention that it commenced Conference. its sittings in London on the 26 th May of the present year.

Numerous reductions were made during the year in the Reductions telegraph rates to various parts of the world. The most in telegraph important were:-


Wireleas telegraphy.

On the subject of wireless telegraphy, I hive had much communication during the past year with the other Government Departments concerned in the matter (the War Office, the Admiralty, and the Board of Trade), with Mr. Marconi, and with the two companies which possess his rights. It is now nearly eight years since Mr. Marconi first came to England and received at the hands of the officers of the Post Office ail the assistance which they could give him ; and the subject of wireless telegraphy has been watched ever since by them with the keenest interest.

I have provided for the Marconi Company a private wire from l'oldhu to Falmouth on the usual rental terms, and I have explained to the company the conditions upon which the Post Office can become its agent for the collection of messages to be transmitted across the Atlantic by the wireless system. I have found it necescary to impose certain conditions intended to safeguard other national interests, and I have also pointed out that, before the Post Office can act as agent for the company, the company must satisfy me that it is in a position to carry on its business and transmit messages from one side of the Atlantic to the other. It is olvious that, until I am satisfied upon these points, I should not be justified in accepting messages and collecting charges from the public for a service which
the company might possibly not be in a position to perform efficiently.
I have also devoted much attention to the question of the establishment of ship signalling stations on the coasts of the United Kingdom for wireless telegraphy. This question involves the relations hetween the Admiralty. Lloyd's, and the Marconi Companies, and it has not been possible at present to arrive at a detinite decision.

## Telephones.

On the 31st March last the number of Post Office trunk wire Trunk lines. centres was 355 , an increase of 27 in the year. The total Appendix N., number of trunk lines in use was 1,309 , as compared with $1,165 \mathrm{p} .88$. in the previous year, and the number of new lines added during the year was therefore 144. The total length of the trunk lines in use was about 46,740 miles, containing ahout 93,000 miles of wire. The capital expenditure on the purchase and development of the trunk line systenı up to the 31st March last was 2,091,417l., including an expenditure during the year of $224986 l$.

The total number of trunk line conversations during the Trunk line year was $11,574,229$. The corresponding number for the pre- oonversavious year was $10,080,716$, and the increase in the year was tions. therefore $1,493,513$, which is at the rate of $14 \cdot 8$ per cent. The gross revenue from the trunk line service, including payments under guarantees, was $274,835 l$., as compared with $240,656 l$., and the average payment for each conversation was $5 \cdot 7 d$., which is almost the same as the average value for the last four years.

In the last month of the financial year the charge for a trunk Charge for call of six minutes' duration between $8 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. and 6 a.m. was made the same as that for a call of three minutes' duration during the day. The time during which the change has been in operation is, however, too short for it to have had any material effect on the traffic.

Post Office exchanges in connection with the trunk line New Post system were opened during the year at the following places:- Office ex-

Aberaman
Aberbeeg.
Abercarn.
Amersham.
Banbridge.
Benwell.
Billesdon.
Birtley.
Blackwood, Mon.
Brecon.
Builth Wells.
Coxhoe.
Crawley.

Cuckfield.
Cwmaman.
Earls Colue.
liast Grinstead.
Fraserburgh.
Gaddesby.
Gainford.
Gilfach Coch.
Great Missenden.
Haswell.
Haywards Heath.
Leslie.
Llandrindod Wells.

Llanhilleth.
Maesycwmmer.
Malton.
Melton Mowbray.
Mevagissey.
Milnathort.
Monmouth.
Mountain Ash.
Nelson, Glam.
Newbiggin-ky-the-
Sea.
New Tredegar.
Pençoed.

| Penrhiceiber. | Risca. | 'Ialybont-on-Usk |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Piercebridge. | Sedgefield | Uxbridge. |
| Pontlottyn. | Shildon. | West Cornforth. |
| Porthcawl. | Sleaford. | Wincheombe. |

At nearly all of these places there was previously no telephone service. Other exchanges are in course of construction.

Other extensions of trunk service.

Revenue. Appendix N., p. 89.

Development of provincial exchanges.

The telephone trunk system was also extended, under guarantees given by the National Telephone Company, to Barnstaple, Bridport, Hitchin, Ilfracombe, Saffron Walden, and Weymouth.

The sum received as rentals of private wires and Post Office Provincial Telephone Exchange circuits was 194,429l., as compared with $182,143 l$. for the previous year. A further sum of 1,487 l. was received from message fees.

The total number of subscribers to the Post Office Telephone Exchanges in the provinces has increased to 4,433, as compared with about 3,700 on the 31 st March 1902. At the end of 1899 , when a more active policy was initiated in this branch of business, the number of subscribers to provincial exchanges was about 1,250 . The increase in the interval is due not only $t_{\text {, }}$, the establishment of exchanges in places which are not served by the National Telephone Company, but also to the growth of the business in those areas in which the Company and the Post Office have been in active competition. In the South Wales district for instance, where the number of Post Office subscribers was only about 370 at the end of 1899, the number has now increased to 2,255 . Further particulars of the provincial exchanges which have been affected by the more recent developments are given in Appendix N., on page 90.

Lines to give direct access to the Trunk Wire system have also been provided by the Post Office at a number of other places, and about 700 circuits of this kind are now in use This means of easy communication with distant parts of the United Kingdom is of great advantage to large users of the Trunk Wire system.

Great progress has been made during the year with the development of the Post Office telephone system in London. In addition to the Central Exchange, which was opened on the lst March 1902, six other exchanges have been opened during the year 1902-3, and four others are in an advanced state of construction. The total number of subscribers' telephones working in connection with these exchanges on the 31st March last was 9,122 . The number added during the year was 8,628 , and it is believed that this number has not been exceeded during the first year of working of any other local telephone system.
Exchanges.
The particulars of the business, on the 31st March, of the exchanges now working are shown in the following table :-

| Name of Exchange. | Date of Opening. | Subscribers' <br> Telephones Working. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Central | 1st March 1902 | 7,054 |
| Kingston | 20th May 1902 - | 233 |
| Putney | 20th May 1902 - | 240 |
| Western | 5th August 1902 | 651 |
| Wimbledon | 6th August 1902 | 163 |
| Victoria | 12th August 1908 | 618 |
| Richmond | 7th November 1902 | 163 |
|  | Total | 9,122 |

The Central Exchange is now the largest in the London area, and its growth seems likely to continue unchecked until the limit of over 14,000 lines is reached. The work of extending the switch-board to its full capacity is being rapidly carried on, and plans are in preparation for the construction of another exchange of the same size for the service of the same district.

In the construction of all the exchanges on the Post Office system, the necessity for providing for a rapid and continued growth of business has been kept in view; and the works already carried out have provided not only for the service of the existing subscribers, but also to a considerable extent for an increase of the number to 30,000 in the near future, and to a smaller extent for a still further increase.

The length of the underground pipes which had been laid on the 31st March last was about 971 miles, and cables containing more than 102,000 miles of wire have been provided.
About 16,700 miles of wire have been used to replace existing

Extent and cost of underground system. telegraph lines in pipes used for telephone purposes. The lines of the present subscribers and the junction lines between exchanges have absorbed about 21,800 miles, and about 63,500 miles oi wire remain available for the further development of the London service. On an average, cach line directly connected with an exchange has involved the provision of $1 \cdot 35$ miles of double wire, if allowance be made for the junction lines between exchanges. The average expense of construction has been $9 l .58 .8 d$. per mile of single wire. Thus, including the cost of exchange apparatus, each exchange line has cost on an average 38l. 68. 3d. If allowance be made for a balance of spare wires, amounting to 25 per cent. of the wires in use, such as is necessaly for the efficient working of an exchange system, the average cost will be increased to $44 l .118 .7 \mathrm{~d}$.

An account of the receipts and expenditure relating to the Revenne and London service for the period from the 1st March 1902 till the expenditure. 3 lst March last is printed in Appendix O. on p. 91. It shows a balance of $6,165 l$. available for meeting the charge for interest on capital and making provision for depreciation of plant. The capital expenditure to the 31st March last was $1,112,500 l$.

Municipal telephones.

Telephone royalty.

During the year licenses for Telephone Exchange business were granted to the corporations of Hull, Oldham, Swansea. Scarborough, and West Hartlepool. The exchange system of the corporation of Portsmouth, which was licensed last year, has been opened for the use of subscribers, and it is understood that consider.ble progress has been made with the work in connection with the exchange systems of the corporations of Brighton and Swansea.

The exchange system established by the corporation of Glasgow in 1901 has been considerably extended during the past year, but the system of the corporation of Tunbridge Wells has been transferred to the National Telephone Company. In giving my consent to this arrangement I made such conditions as will secure to subscribers in the Tunbridge Wells area the advantages arising under the Telegraph Act of 1899 from municipal competition, and I also secured the right to terminate in 1911 the National Telephone Company's license for the local area, should their general powers not be prolonged after that date.

The amount of royalty received during the year from the National Telephone Company was $163,075 l$., and the amount from other licensees was $4,050 l$.

## Post Office Buildings.

New and enlarged offices.

During the year 132 Post Office buildings belonging to the Crown have been opened, of which 51 are new offices specially erected for the purposes of the Department. Thirty Crown Post Offices have been enlarged or improved, and 85 are in course of erection and enlargement.
Expenditure. The expenditure out of the Post Office votes for the acquisition of sites and buildings during the year amounted to $152,816 l$., as against 146,157 l. in 1901-2. The expenditure in London was $68,434 l$.

The expenditure of the Commissioners of Works and Buildings on buildings for the Post Office amounted to $271,606 l$. in Great Britain and $25,027 l$. in Ireland. The corresponding figures for the previous year were $203,464 l$. and $18,880 l$.

During the last two or three years the necessary requirements of the department in the matter of buildings have not been fully met; in many cases sites purchased some time before have not been utilised. It is therefore a great sutisfaction to me that your Lordships have been pleased to make considerably larger appropriations for this purpose in the Estimates for 1903-4.

## Post Offices and Letter Bones.

The total number of Post Offices open on the 31st March last was made up as follows:-

|  | London. | England and <br> Wales, <br> oxcluding <br> London. | Scotland. | Ireland. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | Total.

The total includes 242 additional offices opened during the year. Of the 22,637 offices, 14,121 are open for Money Order and Savings Bank business, and 9,777 for Telegraph business, which is also transacted at 2,352 railway stations.

The number of letter boxes was increased during the year from $34, \mathbf{3} 92$ to 36,141 .

## Staff.

The number of persons on the establishment of the Post Appendix F., Office is 79,552 , of whom 10,702 are women. The number pp. 57-8. added during the year was 2,675 .

In addition, there are 104,043 persons filling unestablished situations (some of them employed only for a portion of the day), of whom 27,401 are women. The number added during the year to the unestablished force was 1,718 .

The total number of persons employed wholly or in part in the Post Office is thus 183,595 .

The number of persons dismissed during the year was 962 , Dismissals. while 253 men were deprived of good conduct stripes. The corresponding figures for 1901-2 were 991 and 261. Dishonesty accounts for 28 per cent. of the whole number of dismissals. Intemperance is responsible for 21 per cent. of the dismissals, and 74 per cent. of the losses of good conduct stripes.

During the past year the great majority of the Post Office Return of employees-upwards of 4,000 in number--who had been serving in the army in South Africa, returned to their civil avocations. Some had returned during the previous year; a few had succumbed to disease or wounds; a considerable number joined the postal and telegraph services in the Colonies-particularly the Transvaul : while cthers went to swell the ranks of the South African constabulary or took up employment on the Government railways. One postman took over a farm, another a hotel, and a third a store, which he said brought in 100l. a week. A few of the 2,000 army reservists recalled from their Post Office duties for service with the colours decided, on the conclusion of the war, to remain in the army, with a view to qualifying for a military pension.

In addition to the Post Office employees serving in the army Transfers to who joined the colonial post office services while in South colonial

Africa, a considerable number of men (chiefly telegraphists) were transterred to the South African services direct from home, the Cape and Transvaal administrations absorbing the greater number.

Health of the Staff.
I am glad to say that the average rate of sick absence at offices where the Department has its own medical officers was considerably reduced in 1902, as the following figures show :-

Average Number of Days Absent.


Sick absence. The figures in the following table and in the second and third tables of Appendix F. (pages 59-62) relate only to the staff under the care of the 637 departmental medical officers, namely, 85,502 men ( 57,133 established and 28,363 unestablished) and 11,360 women ( 9,775 established and 1,585 unestablished):-

|  | Percentage of Sick Absentees. <br> Men. Women. |  | Established Staff. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Average Amount of Sick Absence per Sick Officer (in days). |  | Average Absence per Officer employed (in days). |  |
|  |  |  | Men. | Women. | Men. | Women. |
| England- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chief Office - - | 61 | 80 | $11 \cdot 2$ | 14.5 | $6 \cdot 8$ | $11 \cdot 6$ |
| Metropolitan Districts | 61 | 81 | $14 \cdot 6$ | $15 \cdot 8$ | $9 \cdot 0$ | $12 \cdot 9$ |
| Country - - | 46 | 60 | $17 \cdot 0$ | $19 \cdot 5$ | $7 \cdot 8$ | $12 \cdot 1$ |
| Scotland | 40 | 57 | $15 \cdot 3$ | $14 \cdot 6$ | $6 \cdot 1$ | $8 \cdot 4$ |
| Ireland | 56 | 73 | $15 \cdot 8$ | $18 \cdot 7$ | $9 \cdot 0$ | $13 \cdot 8$ |
|  | Unestablished Staff. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Percentage of Sick Absentees. |  | Average Amount of Sick Absence per Sick Officer (in days). |  | Average Absence per Officer employed (in days). |  |
|  | Men. | Women. | Men. | Women. | Men. | Women. |
| England- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chief Office - - | 64 | 70 | $9 \cdot 2$ | $13 \cdot 6$ | $5 \cdot 9$ | $9 \cdot 5$ |
| Metropolitan Districts | 53 | 44 | $10 \cdot 3$ | $14 \cdot 8$ | $5 \cdot 8$ | $6 \cdot 6$ |
| Country - - | 39 | 40 | $12 \cdot 1$ | $13 \cdot 9$ | $4 \cdot 8$ | $5 \cdot 5$ |
| Scotland - | 51 | 42 | $9 \cdot 4$ | $11 \cdot 6$ | $4 \cdot 8$ | $4 \cdot 9$ |
| Ireland | 47 | 38 | $11 \cdot 0$ | $15 \cdot 7$ | $5 \cdot 2$ | $6 \cdot 0$ |

Statements as to the diseases which led to death and Deaths and retirement during 1902 at places where there are departmental retirements. medical ufficers are given in Appendix F. There were 3 deaths See also from small-pox and 16 from influenza, both of which diseases pp. 59-62. were very prevalent in the United Kingdom during the year.

The following tables relate to the established staff throughout the United Kingdom, that is, to the men and women who give their whole time to the Post Office service :-

Deaths.

| Number of Deaths. | Death Rate per <br> $1,000$. | Average Age at <br> Death (in years). | Average Length of <br> Service (in years). |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Men.* | Women. | Men. | Women. | Men. | Women. | Men. | Women.


|  | Number of <br> Persons. | Average Age on <br> Retirement <br> (in years). | Average Length <br> of Service <br> (in years). |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Men. | Women. | Men. | Women. | Men. |

The number of women who retired on marriage in 1902 was Retirement 190 , with an average age of 28 , and an average service of on marriage. nine years.

The number of candidates for Post Office employment Medical medically examined by the Department's medical officers was examination 6,534 men and 1,914 women, of whom 5.55 men ( $8 \cdot 5$ per cent.) of candiand 187 women ( $9 \cdot 7$ per cent.) were rejected.

## Finance.

The postal revenue of the year, including the value of services See also rendered to other Departments, was $15,004,938 l$., an increase Appendices of $539,068 l$. on that of the previous year. The postal expendi- Q., R.,S., and ture was $10,818,066 l$., an increase of $352,965 l$. on that of the previous year. The net profit was thus $4,186,872 l$., or $186,103 l$. more than last year.

[^0]The telegraph revenue of the year, $3,723,866 l$., shows an increase of $153,820 l$., and the telegraph expenditure, $4,317,371 l$., an increase of $95,444 l$. upon the previous year. The net deficit on telegraphs was thus $593,505 l$., or $58,376 i$. less than last year. If allowance be made for interest on the capital$10,867,644 l$.-created for the purchase of the telegraphs, the telegraph deficit on the year is raised to $892,365 l$.

These figures are, necessarily, partly estimated.
I have the honour to be,
My Lords,
Your Lordships' obedient Servant,
AUSTEN 'CHAMBERLAIN.

27 July 1903.

## APPENDICES.

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APPENDIX A.
Statement showing the Estimated Number of Letters, Post Cards, Book Packets and Circulars, Newspapers, Parcels, and Telegrams dealt with, and the Average Number per Head of the Population for the year ended the 31 st March 1903.

|  |  | Population. | Letters. |  | Post Cards. |  | Book Packets and Circulars. |  | Newspapers. |  | Paroels. |  | Telegrans. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | No. | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { No. } \\ \text { per Head } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Popula- } \\ \text { tion. } \end{array}$ | No. |  | No. | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { No. } \\ \text { per Head } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Popula. } \\ \text { tion. } \end{array}$ | No. | $\begin{gathered} \text { No. } \\ \text { per oread } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Popla- } \\ \text { tion. } \end{gathered}$ | No. | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { No } \\ \text { per Head } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Popu'a. } \\ \text { tion. } \end{array}$ | Nc. |  |
| England and Wales | - |  | 33,092,405 | 2.207.800,000 | 66.7 | 415,900,000 | $12 \cdot 6$ | 684,800,000 | $20 \cdot 7$ | 135,000,000 | $4 \cdot 1$ | 74,905,000 | $2 \cdot 3$ | 77,777,00 | 2.4 |
| Scotland - - | - | 4,581,289 | 221,900,000 | $49^{\circ} 0$ | 53,500,000 | 11.8 | 88,900,000 | $19 \cdot 2$ | 20,000,000 | $4 \cdot 6$ | 9,684,000 | $2 \cdot 1$ | 9,566,00 1 | $2 \cdot 1$ |
| Ireland - | - | 4,429,821 | 149,800,000 | 38.8 | 19,500,000 | 4.4 | 38,100,000 | 86 | 19,500,000 | 4.4 | 5,771,000 | $\cdot 3$ | 5,128,00 | $1 \cdot 2$ |
| Totals | - | 42,053,525 | 2,579,500,000 | $61 \cdot 3$ | 488,800,000 | 11.6 | 800,800,000 | $19 \cdot 3$ | 175,400,000 | 4.8 | 00,310,000 | $2 \cdot 1$ | 88,4\%1,000 | $2 \cdot 2$ |


APPENDIX A.-continued. Letters Deliv

## Letters Delivered.


APPENDIX A.-continued.

## Post Cards Delivered.


APPENDIX A.-continued.

## Book Packets and Circulars Delivered.

Statement showing the Estimated Number of Book Packets and Circulars delivered in the United Kingdom in each of

| Year. | England and Wales. |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { Average } \\ \text { Number } \\ \text { to each } \\ \text { Person. } \end{array}$ | Scotland. |  | Average Number to each Person. | Ireland. | In. crease per cent. | Average Number to each Person | United Kingdom. | In- <br> crease <br> per <br> cent. | Average Number to each Person |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Country Offices. | $\begin{gathered} \text { In. } \\ \substack{\text { crease } \\ \text { pert } \\ \text { cent. }} \end{gathered}$ | London | $\begin{gathered} \text { Ine } \\ \substack{\text { crease } \\ \text { pert } \\ \text { cent. }} \end{gathered}$ | Total. | $\begin{gathered} \text { In- } \begin{array}{c} \text { crease } \\ \text { per } \\ \text { cent. } \end{array} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1899-94 | 359,400,000 | $7 \cdot 4$ | 130,300,000 | 73 | 489,700,000 | $7 \cdot 4$ | 16.4 | E6,200,00 | 98 | $13 \cdot 7$ | 28,100,000 | $1 \cdot 9$ | 6.2 | 574,300,000 | $7 \cdot 3$ | 14.9 |
| 1894-95 | 378,400,000 | $5 \cdot 3$ | 144,100,000 | 10.6 | 529,500,000 | 6.7 | $17 \cdot 3$ | 80,800,000 | $8 \cdot 2$ | 14.7 | 31,500,000 | $10 \cdot 2$ | $0 \cdot 8$ | 614,600,000 | $7 \cdot$ | $15 \cdot 1$ |
| 1895-96 | 418,410,000 | $10 \cdot 6$ | 148,200,000 | ${ }^{2} 28$ | s68,60, 000 | $8 \cdot 4$ | $18 \cdot 6$ | 70,700,000 | $16 \cdot 3$ | $17 \cdot 0$ | 35,000,000 | $11 \cdot 8$ | 77 | 872,800,000 | 9.4 | $17 \cdot 1$ |
| 1596-97 | 439,700,000 | 51 | 143,600,000 | ${ }_{\text {a }}^{\substack{3 \\ \text { in }}}$ | 588,300,000 | $8 \cdot 9$ | $18 \cdot 9$ | 75,400,000 | $8 \cdot 6$ | $18 \cdot 0$ | 39,200,000 | 12.0 | $8 \cdot 6$ | 697,000,000 | $3 \cdot 8$ | $17 \cdot 6$ |
| 1997-98 | 463.000,000 | ${ }^{5} 5$ | 149,200,000 | 3.9 S | 612,900,000 | ${ }_{\text {8. }} \mathrm{B}^{\text {dec }}$ | 19.7 | 76,900,000 | $2 \cdot 0$ | 18.2 | 37,50,000 | $4 \cdot 3$ | $8 \cdot 2$ | 727,300,000 | 4.2 | 18.8 |
| 1898-99 | 449,500,000 | - | 141,300,000 | . 5.3 | 590,900,000 |  | 18.8 | 76,100,000 | ${ }^{2} 3$ | 17.7 | 35,500,000 | $5 \cdot 3$ | $7 \cdot 8$ | 701,500,000 | s. inc. ind | 17.4 |
| 1899-1900 | 431,000,000 | ${ }_{-4}$ | 148,700,000 | ${ }_{1} 1.7$ | 598,300,000 | inc. | $18 \cdot 7$ | 75,000,000 |  | 17.5 | 32,500,000 | 8.5 | $7 \cdot 2$ | 702800,000 | $\stackrel{\square}{2}$ | $17 \cdot 5$ |
| 1900-01 | 463,800,000 | $3 \cdot 3$ | 152,700,000 | 6.3 | 819,300,000 | 4.0 | $18 \cdot 2$ | 77,800,000 | ${ }_{3}^{12 .}$ | 18.0 | 3, 300,000 | $8 \cdot 6$ | 78 | 732,400,000 | 4.2 | $17 \cdot 9$ |
| 1901-02 | 4MR, 800,000 | $7 \cdot 1$ | 153,300,000 | $\cdot 4$ | 65s,100,000 | 5.6 | 80.0 | 78,000,000 | 20.3 | $18 \cdot 9$ | 37,100,000 | $5 \cdot 1$ | 8.4 | 768,200,000 | $4 \cdot 6$ | 18.4 |
| 1902-03 | 326.900,000 | 5.4 | 157,000,000 | 3.0 | 684,500,000 | $4 \cdot 9$ | 80.7 | 86,900,000 | ${ }_{14}$ | $19 \cdot 2$ | 38,100,000 | $2 \cdot 7$ | $8 \cdot 6$ | 809,800,000 | 8•7 | $19 \cdot 3$ |

APPENDIX A.-continued.
Newspapers Delivered.
Statement showing the Estimatel Number of Newspapers delivered in the United Kingdom in each of the last Ten Years.

APPENDIX A.-continued.

## Parcel Post.

Statement showing the Number of Parcels Delivered in the Unitrd Kingdom, and the Revenue derived from the

| Year. | Number of Parcels Deliverbd. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Refbiter. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ergland and Waleg. |  |  |  |  |  | Scotland. |  | Ireland. |  | Unitid Kimedom. |  | Postage. |  |  | A verage Poatage <br> per Parcel. |  |
|  | Countrs Offlces. |  | London District. |  | 'Total. |  | Number. | In- orease per <br> cent. | Number. | In. crease per cent. | Number. | $\begin{gathered} \text { In- } \\ \text { crease } \\ \text { per } \\ \text { cent. } \end{gathered}$ | Gross <br> Amount. | os per cent.on Railway-borneparcelspaid toRailwayCompanies. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Post } \\ & \text { Office } \\ & \text { Share. } \end{aligned}$ | Gross. | Post Office Share. |
|  | Number. | $\begin{gathered} \text { In- } \begin{array}{c} \text { crease } \\ \text { per } \\ \text { cent. } \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | Number. | $\begin{gathered} \text { In- } \\ \text { crease } \\ \text { per } \\ \text { cent. } \end{gathered}$ | Numbor. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Inease } \\ \substack{\text { crease } \\ \text { cent. }} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1893-94 | 35,134,000 | 3.4 | 9,425,000 | $1 \cdot 1$ | 44,559,000 | $2 \cdot 9$ | 5,882,000 | $5 \cdot 2$ | 3,65s,000 | 9.0 | 54,034,000 | $3 \cdot 1$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \boldsymbol{1 , 2 1 4 , 2 8 5} \end{array}$ | ${ }_{\text {s80,739 }}^{\boldsymbol{R}}$ | $\cos _{\boldsymbol{s}, 408}^{\boldsymbol{e}}$ | ${ }_{c}^{d \cdot} \cdot{ }_{9}$ | ${ }_{2}{ }^{\text {d }}$ ¢ ${ }_{1}$ |
| 1894-95 | 37,189,000 | $5 \cdot 8$ | 10,027,000 | 8.4 | 47,216,000 | $8 \cdot 9$ | 6,082,000 | $4 \cdot 4$ | 3,888,000 | $5 \cdot 0$ | 57,138,000 | $5 \cdot 7$ | 1,288,387 | 611,465 | 673,008 | 5.38 | 2.83 |
| 1896-98 | 39,381,000 | 5.8 | 10,618,000 | $5 \cdot 9$ | 40,979,000 | $5 \cdot 8$ | 6,510.000 | $7 \cdot 0$ | 4,038,000 | $5 \cdot 2$ | 60,587,000 | $8 \cdot 8$ | 1,572,577 | 648,825 | 788,752 | 5.44 | $2 \cdot 86$ |
| 1880-97 | 41,512,000 | $5 \cdot 5$ | 11,229,000 | 5.8 | 52,741,000 | 5.5 | 6,802,000 | $4 \cdot 5$ | 4,172,000 | . $3 \cdot 3$ | 68,715,000 | $8 \cdot 2$ | 1,445,128 | 681,819 | 783,807 | 8.44 | $2 \cdot 87$ |
| 1887-98 | 44,277,000 | $8 \cdot 7$ | 11,800,000 | $8 \cdot 9$ | 56,187,000 | 8.5 | 7,232,000 | 8.3 | 4,424.000 | $8 \cdot 0$ | 87,825,000 | 8.4 | 1,428,293 | 673,408 | 761,887 | B.04 | 2•68 |
| 1898-99 | 46,897,000 | $5 \cdot 9$ | 12,615,000 | $8 \cdot 1$ | 59,512,000 | $5 \cdot 9$ | 7,780,000 | $7 \cdot 3$ | 4,041,000 | 4.8 | 71,913,000 | 8.0 | 1,408,099 | 705,738 | 798,367 | 4.99 | 2.64 |
| 1890-1900 | 49,048,000 | 4.6 | 18,44, 000 | 8.6 | 28,400,000 | $6 \cdot 0$ | 8,008,000 | 4.4 | 4,880,000 | 4.7 | 75,448,000 | 4.9 | 1,580,508 | 742,215 | 888,293 | 5.08 | $2 \cdot 68$ |
| 1800-01 | 52,523,000 | 71 | 14,071,000 | $9 \cdot 1$ | 67,194,000 | 7.5 | 8,608,000 | $6 \cdot 3$ | 5,215,000 | $7 \cdot 3$ | 81,017,000 | $7 \cdot 4$ | 1,698,994 | 801,238 | 898,708 | $5 \cdot 04$ | 8.86 |
| 1901-02 | 56,081,000 | $6 \cdot 8$ | 15,722,000 | $7 \cdot 3$ | 71,823,000 | $8 \cdot 9$ | 9,227,000 | $7 \cdot 2$ | 5,552,000 | 6.5 | 86,00,000 | $8 \cdot 9$ | 1,821,976 | 869,603 | 982,373 | 5.05 | $2 \cdot 67$ |
| 1902-03 | B8,566,000 | 4.4 | 16.339,000 | 3.8 | 74,905,000 | $4 \cdot 3$ | 9,64,000 | 4.4 | 5,771,000 | $8 \cdot 9$ | 90,310,000 | $4 \cdot 3$ | 1,902,048 | 898,969 | 1,006,679 | 5.05 | $2 \cdot 67$ |

APPENDIX A.-continued.

## Registered Letters.

Stateigent showing the Number of Letiers Registered by the Public in the United Kingdom in each of the last Ten Years.

|  | Year. | Emgland and Waibs. |  |  |  |  |  | Scotlan |  | Irbland. |  | Unitrd Kingdoi. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Country Olfices. |  | London District. |  | Total. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Number. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Increase } \\ \text { pert. } \end{gathered}$ | Number. | Increase per cer cent. | Number. | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Increase } \\ \text { ners. } \\ \text { cent. } \end{array}$ | Number. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Increase } \\ \text { per } \\ \text { cent. } \end{gathered}$ | Number. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Increase } \\ \text { per } \\ \text { cent. } \end{gathered}$ | Number. | Increase per cent. |
| 1593-94 | . - | 6,392,212 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { dec. } \\ & 2.6 \\ & \text { inc. } \end{aligned}$ | 3,473,748 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { dec. } \\ & \text { in } \\ & \text { inc. } \end{aligned}$ | 9,86,960 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { dec } \\ & 4.1 \\ & \text { inc. } \end{aligned}$ | 1,099,798 | $\xrightarrow{2 \cdot 4}$ dec. | 778,594 |  | 11,742,962 |  |
| 1594-95 | - - | 6,48,761 | 1.5 | 3,606,339 |  | 10,092,09.4 |  | 1,089,595 | ${ }_{-9}$ | 776,575 | ${ }^{0.002}$ | 11,988,264 |  |
| 1895-95 | - . | 8,704,094 | $3 \cdot 4$ | \$,446,400 | $23 \cdot 3$ | 11,150,484 | $10 \cdot 5$ | 1,184,758 | ${ }_{8}{ }_{8}$ | 798,708 | ${ }_{2} \cdot 8$ | 13,13s,950 | 9.8 |
| 1896-97 | - . | 6,919,295 | $3 \cdot 2$ | 4,499,428 | 1.2 | 11,418,723 | $2 \cdot 4$ | 1,200,881 | $1 \cdot 9$ | 813,181 | 1.8 | 13,488,785 | $2 \cdot 3$ |
| 1897-98 | - - | 7,316,040 | $5 \cdot 7$ | 4,789,067 | 6.4 | 12,105,107 | 6.0 | 1,273,541 | 5.5 | 884,831 | 2.7 | 14,213,479 | 8.8 |
| 1898-90 | - - | 7,817,968 | $8 \cdot 9$ | 3,174,098 | 8.0 | 12,992,050 | $7 \cdot 3$ | 1,368,732 | $7 \cdot 5$ | 879,887 | $8 \cdot 4$ | 15,240,669 | 7.2 |
| 1896-1900 | - - | 8,359,899 | $8 \cdot 9$ | 5.355,544 | 7.4 | 13,915,449 | $7 \cdot 1$ | 1,488,530 | 8.1 | 902,879 | $2 \cdot 6$ | 16,256,862 | 8.7 |
| 1900-01 | - - | 9,042,411 | $8 \cdot 2$ | 5,921,288 | 8.6 | 14,983,699 | 7.5 | 1,781,775 | $23 \cdot 9$ | 984,895 | 9.0 | 17,729,890 | $9 \cdot 1$ |
| 1901-0.2 | - - | 9,558,008 | 5.6 | 8,100,883 | $4 \cdot 6$ | 15,74, 1989 | 8.2 | 2,027,342 | $18 \cdot 8$ | 1,028,888 | 4.5 | 18,800,813 | 8.0 |
| 1902-08 | - . | 9,826,088 | $2 \cdot 9$ | 6,447,780 | 41 | 16,273,818 | $8 \cdot 4$ | 1,006,008 | ${ }_{\text {dec. }}^{\text {dec. }}$ | 1,046,240 | 1.7 | 19,016,168 | 1.1 |

APPENDIX A.-continued.
Registered Letters.
Statement showing the Number of Letters Registered, at each Fee, by the Public in the United Kingdom

| Year. | Amount of Fbe. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 16. $2 d$. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $2 d$. | Sd. | 4 d. | sd. | 6d. | $7 d$. | $8 d$. | 9 d. | 10d. | 11. | 18. | 18. 1 ld . |  |  |
|  | limit op Compensation. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | *es. | $\bullet$ ¢10. | *215. | *220. | *225. | - 230. | - 235. | -240. | *245. | - 250. |  |  |  |  |
|  | +25. | + 210. | + 220. | +230. | +240. | +250. | +280. | +\&70. | +880. | +230. | +2100. | +e1io. | +e120. |  |
| 1893-94 | 11,653,351 | 44,382 | 14,928 | 9,718 | 8,688 | 2,785 | 1,237 | 1,325 | 691 | 5,297 |  |  |  | 11,748,882 |
| 1894-95 | 11,861,503 | 46,026 | 16,815 | 11,308 | 8,180 | 3,623 | 1,949 | 1,882 | 907 | 6,861 |  |  |  | 11,888,264 |
| 1885-96 | 13,028,182 | 40,208 | 18,207 | 12,098 | 8,252 | 4,281 | 2,164 | 2,201 | 962 | 7,805 |  |  |  | 13,135.850 |
| 1896-47 | 13,338,787 | 48,056 | 18,106 | 12,472 | 8,631 | 4,160 | 2,185 | 2,488 | 1,085 | 7,865 |  |  |  | 18,388,735 |
| 1897-98 | 14,105,415 | 49,516 | 17,945 | 12,982 | 8,512 | 4,850 | 2,074 | 2,465 | 1,167 | 8,813 |  |  |  | 14,213,479 |
| 1808-99 | 15,188,316 | 55,627 | 29,482 | 13,302 | 7,757 | 5,980 | 2,003 | 1,515 | 1,008 | 2,500 | 1,014 | 240 | 1,388 | 15,240,669 |
| 1899-1900 | 16,127,030 | 58,821 | 33,425 | 13,214 | 7,785 | 8,184 | 2,056 | 1,277 | 1,127 | 1,050 | 2,543 | 299 | 1,941 | 10,256,882 |
| 1900-01 | 17,691,110 | 62,373 | 36,508 | 14,033 | 7,927 | 6,631 | 2,287 | 1,387 | 1,348 | 981 | 3,036 | 45 | 2,186 | 17,789,869 |
| 1901-02 | 18,859,927 | 62,745 | 36,154 | 14,752 | 8,188 | 8,505 | 2,2z9 | 1,281 | 1,567 | 910 | 3,207 | 528 | 2,556 | 18,800,313 |
| 1902-09 | 18,882,278 | 61,694 | 33,324 | 13,881 | 7,385 | 6,078 | 2,111 | 1,188 | 1,901 | 72 | 3,001 | 816 | 2,520 | 19,016,156 |

- Limit of compensation up to 301h April $1888 . \quad+\quad$ Limit of compensation from 1st May 1888.
APPENDIX A.-continued.
Registered Parcels.
Statenent showing the Number of Parcels Registered by the Public in the United Kingdom in each of the last Ten Years.

APPENDIX A.-continued.
Registered Parcels.
Statement showing the Number of Parcels Registered, at each Fee, by the Public in the United Kingdom

APPENDIX A.-continued.


## Express Delivery Service.

Statement showing the Number of Express Delivary Services performed in the United Kingdom in each of the last


## APPENDIX B.

Estimate of the Weight of Letters, \&c., exchanged by the United Kingdom with Foreign Countries and British Colonies.

## APPENDIX B.

Estimate of the Weight of Letters and Postcards, and Foreion Countries and British


## APPENDIX B.

of othrr Articles, exchanged by the United Kingdom with Colunies, during the Year 1902.


## APPENDIX B.-contanued.

## Statement of the Numbers of Forkign and Colonial 31st March 1902 and



[^1]
## APPENDIX B.-continued.

Parcels Despatched and Received during the Years ended the the 31st March 1903.


## APPENDIX B.-continued.

Statement of the Numbers of Foreign and Colonial 31st March 1902 and


In $1901-1002$ the uniform scale of Postage was extended to the exchanges with British North Borneo and Labuan, and the postage was reduced on parcels for the Bechuanaland Protec torate, Cooks Isiands, Guatemala, Southern Rhodesia, Turkey (Austrian Yost Offices), and Uruguay. The rates on parcels for Bulgarin and Liberia were revised.

In 1902-1903 the Parcel Post was extended to the United States of America.

## APPENDIX B.-continued.

Parcels Despatched and Received during the Years ended the the 31st March 1903-continued.

| Received. |  |  |  | Totals. |  |  | Country. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1901-02. | 1902-08. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { In. } \\ \text { crease. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | De- <br> crease. | 1901-02. | 1902-08. | In- <br> crease. <br> Crease. |  |
| 1,109,376 | 1,130,598 | 62,244 | 31,027 | 2,024,931 | 2,681,872 | 161,228 404,287 |  |
| 795 | 724 | - | 71 | 3,658 | 4,033 | 375 - | Muritius. |
| 656 | 985 | 269 | - | 5,245 | 6,281 | 1,016 ${ }^{\text {. }}$ | Mexico. |
| 79 | 48 | - | 31 | 473 | 389 | 84 | Monteerrat. |
| 15,442 | 14,141 | - | 1,301 | 64,601 | 73,718 | 9.117 - | Natal.* |
| 13 | 9 | - | 4 | 158 | 155 | 1 | Nevis. |
| 604 | 663 | - | 81 | 4,200 | 4,255 | 55 | Newfoundland. |
| 9,406 | 9,147 | - | 258 | 34,782 | 32,858 | 1,940 | New South Wales. |
| 5,088 | 6,897 | 415 | - | 31,567 | 38,587 | 7,170 | New Zealand. |
| 825 | 1,110 | 885 | - | 5,488 | 7,676 | 2,238 | Nigeria. |
| 6,468 | 6,961 | 499 | - | 22,606 | 23,579 | 973 | Norway. |
| - $\dagger$ | 1,301 $\ddagger+$ | 1,301 | - | 28,291 | 32,187 | 9,848 | Orange River Colony. |
| 912 | 1,013 | 101 | - | 8,776 | 12,028 | 3,252 | Portugal.§ |
| 3,102 | 2,956 | - | 145 | 11,777 | 11.495 | 282 | Queensland. |
| - $\dagger$ | -† | - | - | 7,598 | 10,285 | 8,687 | i Rhodesia and Bechuanal land Protectorate. |
| 1,780 | 1,213 | - | 567 | 6,984 | 4,699 | 2,23i | St. Helena. |
| 139 | 179 | 40 | - | 1,226 | 1,387 | 161 | St. Kitts. |
| 389 | 485 | 146 | - | 2,170 | 2,885 | 715 | St. Lucia. |
| 51 | 78 | 27 | - | 3,995 | 3,715 | 280 | St. Pierre and Miquelon. |
| 54 | 69 | 15 | - | 688 | 566 | 30 | St. Thomas. |
| 121 | 176 | 55 | - | 854 | 989 | 135 | St. Vinoent. |
| 90 | 182 | 32 | - | 593 | 618 | 25 | Salonios. |
| 19 | 94 | 15 | - | 783 | 777 | 54 | Salvador. |
| -11 | -11 | - | - | 56 | 50 | - 6 | Samos and Raratongr. |
| 137 | 186 | 40 | - | 489 | 601 | 112 | Sarawak. |
| 1,968 | 358 | - | 895 | 1,757 | 781 | 1,036 | Seychelles. |
| -T | - 9 | - | - | 1,176 | 1,305 | 129 | Siam. |
| 1,177 | 1,581 | 404 | - | 6,690 | 9,446 | 2,756 | Sierta Leone。 |
| 581 | 490 | - | 41 | 2,406 | 2,404 | 2 | Smyrna. |
| 3,461 | 3,669 | 208 | - | 10,150 | 10,081 | 49 | South Australia. |
| ** | -** | - | - | 32,367 | 38,466 | 6,099 | Spain. |
| 6,343 | 7,166 | 823 | - | 16,210 | 17,987 | 1,777 | Straits Settlements. |
| 6,494 | 6,780 | 346 | - | 24,410 | 24,930 | 680 | Sweden.t+ |
| 28,407 | 22,793 | 386 | - | 78,769 | 81,071 | 2,302 | Switzerland. |
| 609 | 788 | 179 | - | 4,138 | 4,552 | 414. | Tasmania. |
| 6 | 4 | - | 2 | 39 | 84 | 45 | Tortola. |
| 868§§ | 10,616 | 9,748 | - | 22,989 | 186,588 | 118,549 | Transvasl. |
| 1,092 | 2,417 | 485 | - | 9,087 | 10,035 | $988-$ | Trinidad (including Tobago) |
| - | - | - | - | - | 28,116 | 22,116 | United States of America. |
| 77 | 90 | 18 | - | 870 | 1.046 | 176 - | Urugusy. |
| 7,015 | 6,403 | - | 522 | 24,836 | 24,507 | - 329 | Victoria. |
| 2,164 | 8,285 | 121 | - | 11,381 | 11.743 | 412 | West Australia. |
| 480 | 790 | 310 | - | 1,596 | 2,054 | 458 | Zansibac. |
| 1,211,391 | 1,244,850 | 68,465 | 34,996 | 3,414,236 | 3,354,605 | 350,940 410,571 |  |
| Net Increase |  | 83, | 459. | Net | decrease | - 58,831 . |  |

[^2]APPENDIX C.
Abstract of Contracts or Agreements for

| Line of Communication. | How often. | Number and Character of Vessels. | Contractors. | Contract or Agreement. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Date of Contract. | Terminable. | Service commenced. |
| Falmouth and St. Mawes and Percuil. | Daily - - | Steam vessel | St. Mawes Steam Tug and Passenger Company. | $\cdots \quad-$ | - - | 10 Aug. 1892 |
| Fleetwood and Belpast. | Week diays - | Steain vessels | North Lancashire Steam Navigation Company (but payment made through Lancashire and Yorkshire Railway Company). | 28 Jan. 1891 | On 6 months notice. | 1 July 1889 |
| Guernsey and Sark | July, Aug. and Sept, 5 days a week. <br> May.June and Oct., 3 days a week. <br> Other months, 2 days a week. | Steam vessel | Guernsey Steam Towing and Trading Co. | , | - - | 1 Jan. 1891 |
| $\underset{\substack{\text { Holyhead } \\ \text { Kingstown. }}}{ }$ | Twice a day - | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Four Mail } \\ & \text { Packets } \\ & \text { specially } \\ & \text { built and } \\ & \text { maintained } \\ & \text { for the } \\ & \text { service. } \end{aligned}$ | City of Dublin Steam Packet Company. | 1 July 1895 | 31 Mar. 1917 or on 12 months' notice after 31 Mar. 1916. | 1 Apr. 1897 |
| $\begin{array}{lr}\text { Liverpool } & \text { and } \\ \text { DoUGlas } \\ \text { MAN). } & \\ \text { (Isle of }\end{array}$ | Once on week days. <br> See" Remarks." | A sufficient number of efficient steam vessels. | Isle of Man Steam Packet Company. | 17 Jan .1883 | On 6 months ${ }^{\circ}$ notice. | - |
| LUNDY Island and Instow. | Once a weeh - | Sailing boat | Captain Dark | - - - | - - - | 1 May 188s |
| Penzance and Scilly | Three times a week in summer. <br> Twice a week in winter. | Steam vessel | West Cornwall Steamship Company. | 31 July 1874 | On 6 months' notice. | 1 Feb. 1874 |
| PortsmoUth and Ryde. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Once daily, with } \\ & \text { the Night } \\ & \text { Mails. } \\ & \text { See "Remarks." } \end{aligned}$ | Steam vessels | London, Brighton, and South Coast, and London and South - Western Railway Companies. | 10 Nov. 1891 | On 6 months' notice. | 1 July 1890 |
| Scilly, St. Martin's and St. Agnes. | Three times a week in summer, twice in winter. | Steam launch | Mr. J. Banfield, Jr | - - | - - | $1 . \mathrm{Mar} .1896$ |
| SOUTHAMPTON and Channel Islands. | Once on week days. | Steam vessels | London and SouthWestern Railway Company. | - | On 6 months' notice. | - |
| Southampton and Cowes. | Once on week days, but see "Remarks." | Steam vessels | way Company. <br> Southampton, Isle of Wight, and South of England Royal Mail Steam Packet Company | - . |  | 1 Jan. 1874 |
| WEYMOUTH and Channel Islands. | 6 days a week | Steam vessels | Packet Company. Great Western Railway Company. | . |  | 1 Aug. 1881 |

## APPENDIX C.

the Conveyance of Home Mails by Sea.


## APPENDIX C.-continued.



APPENDIX C.-continued.


## APPENDIX C.-continued.



## APPENDIX C.-continued.



## APPENDIX C.-continued.

| Line of Communication. | How often. | ```Number and Character of Vossels.``` | Contractors. | Contract or Agreement. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Date of Contract. | Terminable. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Service } \\ \text { commenced } \end{gathered}\right.$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Portere, Loch- } \\ & \text { MADDY, and DUN- } \\ & \text { VEGAN. } \end{aligned}$ | Out. - Tuesdays, Thurs days, and Saturdays. <br> Ir. - Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays. | Sterm vessel | $\begin{gathered} \text { David } \\ \text { Brayne. Mac- } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \& 13 \text { June } \\ 1898 . \end{gathered}$ | On 6 months' notice. | 1 Apr. 1893 |
| $\underset{\text { WBYYAB BAY. }}{\text { Rother }}$ | Weok days . | Steam vessels | Caledonian Steam Packet Company, par Capt. James Williamson. | 21 Nov. \& 18 Dec. 1893. | $\bullet$ | 17 Oct. 1892 |
| $\begin{array}{cc} \text { ScRabstri } & \text { Pier } \\ \text { (THUREO) } & \text { and } \\ \text { Stromnrss. } & \end{array}$ | 6 days a week | Steam vessels of sufficient number. | North of Scotland and Orkney and Shetland Steam Navigation Company. | 21 Peb. \& 27 Mar. 1889. | On 6 months' notice. | 12 Feb. 188\% |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { ShetLand (Virinir) } \\ & \text { and Fair Isie. } \end{aligned}$ | Once a fortnight. | Sailing vessel. | John Brnce, Junr. | - | - | 1 Nov. 1883 |
| Shethand (Walls) and Foula. | Once a fortnight (Oct. to Mar.). Once a week (Apr. to Sept.). | Sailing vessel. | M. Manson and L. Gray. | 19 Mar. 1896 | On 6 months ${ }^{\circ}$ notice. | 1 Apr. 189 |
| Stramrabr and Larke. (See below.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Stromngess } \\ & \text { Sotti Isles. } \end{aligned}$ | 4 days a week | Steam veesel | R. Garden - - | 14 April \& 5 May 1896. | On 6 months' notice. | 1 Mar. 189\% |
| Wemyss Bay and Millport. | Thrice on week days in summer and twice in winter. | Steam vessel | Caledonian Railway Co. | In genera | agreement with | the Co. |
| Ditto - . | Additionsl week day service in winter. | Steam vessel | Caledonian Steam Packet Company, per Capt. James Williann. son. | - - - | On 6 months' notice. | 1 Oct. 1898 |
| Larif and Rtran RAER. | Week days - | 2 steam ves-selswithac-commodation for sort. ing Mails. | Portpatrick and Wigtownshire JointCommittee. | 22 Dec. 1882 | On 12 months' notice. | 1 Sept. 189 ${ }^{\prime}$ |
| Galway and Arran l8LaNDS. | 3 days a woek | Steam vessel | $\begin{gathered} \text { Galway Bay } \\ \text { Steamboat Co. } \end{gathered}$ | - - - |  | 27 Apr. 12, |

## Notrs-

1. In many cases the service comnenced before the formal contract was executed
2. In addition to the payments given in detail above. Letters, \&c. are conveyed by Private Ships to and from places 1.400l. a year, and the principal payments are as follows:-

For Guernsey, Alderney and Sark Service (special raten) -
" Alassow, Greenock, and Londonderry Service -
,. Waterford and Milford Haven Service
", Douplas (Isle of Man) Season services via Barrow and Ardrosasn
, Belfast and Barruw Service.
3. There is also a number of small misceliunenis fixed payments for conveyance of $\dot{H}$ ome Mails and for ferriage in any case 50l. a yenr, which have not heen included in the pope statement.
4. For tha conveyance of Onitwaru American Mailn on Saturday by train from Euston to Holyhead and thence by Homews rd American Mails by steamer from Dublin to Holyhead when required, Bol. a trip.

## APPENDIX C.-continued.


in the United Kingdom for a certain fixed payment of 2s. $1 d$. per 100. The total amount paid at present is about

(Including various payments for the conveyance of Mails in thë Hikhiands and Islands of Bcotland), not exceeding steamer to Dublin, the London and North-Western Railway Company receives 11,0203. a year, and for the conveyance of
APPENDIX D.
Foreign and Colonial Packet Service.


APPENDIX E．
Statement showing the Number of Post Towns in England and Wales，including the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man， arranged in Classes according to the Number of Mails they receive from，and despatch to，London．

|  | 이ํํ | ® | $\pm$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 3 | $\pm$ |
|  | 으ํ | ๕ | $\boldsymbol{\sim}$ |
|  | 践皆 | ${ }_{\text {® }}$ | ＊ |
|  | \％ | \％ | ํ |
|  | 遃 | \％ | $\%$ |
|  | o연 | $\stackrel{\text { ® }}{ }$ | \％ |
|  | 成言家 | ® | 안 |
|  | ＊－\％ | $\stackrel{\sim}{\sim}$ | E |
|  | 礝 | ¢ | ¢ |
|  | 坒完 | $\stackrel{8}{\square}$ | $\stackrel{\square}{0}$ |
|  | ¢ ${ }_{\text {g }}^{\text {cig }}$ | ■ | － |
|  | \％ | $\stackrel{8}{8}$ | ${ }_{*}$ |
|  |  | งึ | 9 |
|  | 으춘 | $\infty$ | $\cdots$ |
|  |  | － | － |
|  |  | ¢\％ <br> 8 <br> 8 | O O S － |

## APPENDIX F.

Staff of Officers.


[^3]† Unestablished, 21,06s ; Establighed, 387.

## APPENDIX F.-continued.

Staff of Offlcers-continued.


## APPENDIX F －continued．

Mortality Table．

|  | Number of Deaths during the Twelve Months ended 31st December 1902. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Chief Office． |  | Metro－ politan Districts． |  | Rest of England． |  | Scotland． |  | Ireland． |  | Total． |  |
|  | 号 | 㟧 | a | 号 | 域 | 震 3 | 号 | 号 | 或 |  | 号 | 道 |
| I．－Stmple Febrile or Zymutic Diseases． |  |  | － |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1．Miasmatic diseases ： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Typhus | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 1 | － | 1 | － |
| ＇yphoid | 3 | － | 4 | － | 10 | － | 1 | － | 1 | 1 | 19 | 1 |
| Scarlet fever－ | 1 | － | ， | － | 2 | － | － | － | － | － | 3 | － |
| Intuenza－－ | 3 | － | 2 | － | 9 | 1 | － | － | 1 | － | 15 | 1 |
| Diphtheria－－ | － | － | 1 | － | 1 | － | － | － | － | － | 2 | － |
| Small－pox－－ | － | － | 1 | － | 2 | － | － | － | － | － | 3 | － |
| 2．Septic diseases ： Erysipelas | － | － | － | － | － | － | 1 | － | － | － | 1 | － |
| II．－Constitution Diseases． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cancer－－ | 3 | 1 | 6 | － | 6 | － | － | － | － | － | 15 | 1 |
| Phthisis and hæmop－ tysis． | 14 | － | 6 | － | 23 | － | － | － | 4 | － | 47 | － |
| Tuberculosis－－ | － | － | － | － | 1 | 1 | － | － | 3 | － | 4 | 1 |
| Rheumatic fever－ | － | － | 1 | － | 2 | － | － | － | － | － | 3 | － |
| Glandular disease－ | － | － | － | － | 1 | － | － | － | － | － | 1 | － |
| III．－Local Diseasks． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1．Diseases of nervous system： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apoplexy－－ | 2 | － | 2 | － | 6 | － | － | － | － | － | 10 | － |
| Inflammation of brain． | 2 | － | 2 | － | 4 | － | － | 1 | 1 | － | 9 | 1 |
| Paralysis | 1 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 1 | － |
| Mania（mental derangement）． | 1 | － | － | － | 2 | － | － | － | － | － | 3 | － |
| 2．Diseases of circula－ tory system ： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Disease of the heart | 3 | － | 1 | － | 8 | 1 | 6 | － | 3 | － | 21 | 1 |
| Disease of the blood versels． <br> Pericarditis | 1 | － | 1 | － | 1 | － | － | － | － | － | 2 | 1 |
| Pericarditis | 1 | － | － | － | 1 | － | － | － | － | － | 2 | － |
| Syncope－－ | ＇ | － | － | － | 2 | － | － | － | － | － | 4 | － |
| Angina pectoris－ | 1 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 1 | － |
| 3．Diseases of respira－ tory system： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bronchitis－－ | 2 | － | 1 | － | 2 | － | － | － | － | － | 5 | － |
| Pneumonia | 7 | 1 | 9 | － | 19 | 1 | 2 | － | 4 | 1 | 41 | 3 |
| Pleurisy | － | － | － | － | － | － | 1 | － | 1 | － | 2 | － |
| Empyæmia | 1 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 1 | － |
| Carried forward | 47 | 2 | 37 | － | 102 | 4 | 11 | 1 | 19 | 2 | 21 | 9 |

## APPENDIX F.-continued.

## Mortality Table-continued.



N B.-This table does not include deaths in South Africa.

## APPENDIX F．－continued．

## Table giving Causes of Retirement from the Service through ill－health．

|  | Chief Office |  | Number of Perions retired during the Twelve Months ended 31st December， 1902. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | ro－ <br> tan <br> ricts |  | of land． | Scot | and． | Irel | and． | Tot | tal． |
|  | 灵 | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{d} \\ & \text { d } \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 宊 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { d } \\ & \text { 品 } \end{aligned}$ | 릴 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 邑 } \\ & \text { B } \end{aligned}$ | 宝 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { di } \\ & \text { d } \\ & \text { d } \\ & \hline 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\dot{J}}{\underset{y}{c}}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { d } \\ \text { d } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 这 | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{\ddot{d}} \\ & \dot{0} \\ & B \end{aligned}$ |
| Influenza－ |  | － | － | 1 | 4 | － | － | － | － | － | 5 | 1 |
| Cancer |  | 2 | 1 |  | 4 | － | 1 | － |  | － | 6 | ． 2 |
| Phthisis and hæmop－ tysis． |  | 3 | 9 | 1 | 35 | 1 | 7 | 1 | 8 | － | 71 | 6 |
| Tuberculosis－ |  | － | 1 | － | 4 | － | － | － | － | － | 5 | － |
| Chronic rheumatism and sciatica． | 7 | 3 | 12 | 3 | 32 | 1 | 2 | － | 2 | 1 | 35 | 8 |
| Gout | 2 | － | － | － | 3 | － | － | － | － | － | 5 | － |
| Diabetes－ | 2 | － | － | － | 1 | － | － | － | － | － | 3 | － |
| Glandular disease |  | 1 |  | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 1 | 1 |
| Goitre－ |  | 2 | － | 1 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 3 |
| Syphilis－ |  | － | － | － | 1 | － | － | － | － | － | 1 | － |
| Anæmia |  | － | － | －． | 2 | 2 | － | － | － |  | 2 | 2 |
| Apoplexy－ |  | － | － | － | 2 | － | － | － | － |  | 2 | ． |
| Paralysis |  | － |  | － | 5 | － | － | － | 2 | － | 13 | － |
| General paralysis of the insane． | $2$ | － |  | － |  | － | － | － | － |  | 3 | － |
| Writers＇cramp－ |  | 1 |  | － | － | 1 | － | － | － | － | － | 2 |
| Epilepsy－－－ |  | － | 2 | － | 4 | － | － | － | 1 |  | 12 | － |
| Mental derangements |  | 1 | 11 | 1 |  | － | － | － | 2 | － | 27 | 2 |
| Nervous debility |  | 4 |  | － | 11 | 5 | － | － | 2 |  | 24 | 9 |
| Vertigo－ |  | 1 |  | － | 1 | － | ，－ | － |  |  | 1 | 1 |
| Heart disease－ |  | 2 | 6 | 1 | 26 | 4 |  | － | 8 |  | 43 | 7 |
| Angina pectoris |  | － | － | － |  | － | 1 | － | － |  | 2 | － |
| Varicose veins－ |  | － | － | － | 4 | － | － | － | 1 |  | 5 | － |
| Chronic bronchitis |  | 3 | 2 | 1 | 8 | 1 | 1 | － | － |  | 13 | 5 |
| Pleurisy－ |  |  | 1 |  |  | － |  | － | － |  | 3 | － |
| Pneumonia－ |  |  | － | － | 2 | － |  | － | － |  | 3 | － |
| Asthma－ |  | － | 2 | － |  | － | －1 | － | － |  | 7 | － |
| Liver disease |  |  | 1 | － |  | － |  | － | 1 |  | 9 | － |
| Carried forward－ | 66 | 23 | 57 | 9 | 167 |  | 15 | 1 | 16 | 1 | 3：1 | 49 |

A 27010 ．
E．

## APPENDIX F．－continued．

## Table giving Causes of Retirement from the Service through ill－health－continued．

|  | Number of Persons retired during the Twelve Months ended 31st December， 1902. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Chief <br> Office． |  | Metro－ politan Districts． |  | Rest of England． |  | Scotland． |  | Ireland． |  | Total． |  |
|  | 鴍 |  | 苐 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { g } \\ & \text { d } \\ & \text { B } \end{aligned}$ | ジ | 㐫 | 豆 | 吕 | ェ் | 品 | 灾 | 耍 |
| Brought forward－ | 66 | 23 | 57 | 9 | 167 | 15 | 15 | 1 | 16 | 1 | 321 | 49 |
| Uleer of stomach | － | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | － | － | － | － | 3 | 3 |
| Enteritis－－ | － | － | － | － | 2 | － | － | － | － | － | 2 | － |
| Fistula | － | － | － | － | 1 | － | － | － | 1 | － | 2 | － |
| Piles | － | － | － | － | － | 1 | － | － | － | － | － | 1 |
| Appendicitis | 1 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 1 | － |
| Dyspepsia－ | 2 | － | － | － | 4 | 1 | 1 | － | 1 | 1 | 8 | 2 |
| Kiduey disease－ | 3 | $i$ | － | － | 3 | － | － | － | － | － | 6 | 1 |
| Renal calculus－ | － | － | 1 | － | 2 | － | － | － | 1 | － | 4 | － |
| Cystitis and stricture of urethra． | － | － | 1 | － | 2 | － | － | － | － | － | 3 | － |
| Eye affections | 3 | － | 1 | － | 6 | 2 | 3 | － | 3 | 1 | 16 | 3 |
| Ear affections－ | － | － | － | － | 1 | 1 | － | － | － | － | 1 | 1 |
| ＇rumours | 1 | － | － | － | 1 | 1 | － | 2 | － | － | 2 | 3 |
| Necrosis of spine | － | － | 1 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 1 | － |
| Hernia | － | － | 2 | － | 6 | － | － | － | 1 | － | 9 | － |
| Chronic synovitis | － | － | 2 | － | 3 | － | － | － | － | － | 5 | － |
| Flat feet and weak ankles． | － | － | 2 | － | 1 | － | － | － | － | － | 3 | － |
| Tender feet | － | － | － | － | 1 | － | － | － | － | － | 1 | － |
| Skin disease－ | － | － | － | － | 2 | － | － | － | － | － | 2 | － |
| Wounds received in South Africa． | － | － | － | － | － | － | 1 | － | － | － | 1 | － |
| Accidents | － | 1 | － | － | 9 | － | － | － | 1 | － | 10 | 1 |
| Phlebitis | － | － | － | － | 3 | － | － | － | － | － | 3 | － |
| Senile decay－ | 3 | － | － | － | 1 | － | － | － | － | － | 4 | － |
| General debility | 1 | 25 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 1 | － | － | 1 | 8 | 32 |
| Dysmenorrhœa－ | － | － | － | 1 | － | 1 | － | 1 | － | － | － | 3 |
| Obesity | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 1 | － | 1 | － |
| Totals | 80 | 51 | 70 | 12 | 221 | 28 | 21 | 4 | 25 | 4 | 417 | 99 |

## APPENDIX G. <br> Returned Postal Packets.

A Comparatife Stathment showing the Numbers of Undelivered Letters and Parcres received and disposed of, and the Numbers of Postal Packets of other Classes received, in the Retohney Lestreis Offices; also the Numbers of Undelivered Postal Packets dealt with in Head Post Officer, in the Year ended 31st March 1902, and the Year ended 31 st March 1903.

| Returned Letter Office. | Letters recelved. |  | Letters re-issued to corrected Addreeses, or returned to the Senders. |  | Letters returned unopened to Foreign Countries. |  | Letters which could neither be delivered to the Addressees nor returned to the Senders. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1001-2. | 1902-8. | 1901-2. | 180:-3. | 1901-2. | 1902-3. | 1901-2. | 1902-3. |
| Lompon | 4,129,192 | 4,637,431 | 3,305,167 | 3,511,943 | 227,916 | 288,524 | 506,109 | 737,0:4 |
| MaxCHEETEE | 531,002 | 589,720 | 433,710 | 475,433 | 25,102 | 26,776 | 72,194 | 87,511 |
| Liverpool | 387,740 | 424,858 | 353,475 | 362,909 | 24,087 | 26,953 | 30,187 | 34,996 |
| Birmingham | 370,205 | 368,208 | 308,544 | 316,790 | 18,297 | 12,611 | 48,364 | 33,905 |
| LEED8 - | 387,424 | 350,679 | 299,578 | 291,064 | 16.819 | 16,545 | 41,0:7 | 43.070 |
| Briatol | 446,628 | 471,507 | 372,673 | 387,318 | 24,508 | 24,359 | 40,447 | 59.830 |
| NewCastle - OM TYir. | 288,947 | 249,916 | 188,226 | 192,188 | 14,467 | 15,109 | 25,654 | 36,610 |
| Nottingham | 305,228 | 308,870 | 252,526 | 275,635 | 18,870 | 11,128 | 38,892 | 22,207 |
| Pifmouth | 78,760 | 81,472 | 62,658 | 67,215 | 4,961 | 5.383 | 5,143 | 8,824 |
| EDIEBUREH | 210,795 | 217,854 | 180,011 | 184,778 | 11,695 | 11,508 | 19,189 | 81,679 |
| Glasgow | 284,984 | 285.857 | 248,815 | 245,168 | 15,717 | 15,409 | 22,402 | 25,082 |
| ABERDEES | 37,111 | 37,788 | 31,303 | 81,323 | 2,219 | 2,103 | 3,589 | 4,332 |
| LTVEREEs8 | 19,182 | 20,407 | 15,986 | 17,683 | 780 | 857 | 2,416 | 1,067 |
| Dublim - | 273,958 | 306,011 | 228,623 | 230,183 | 18,220 | 12,721 | 22,861 | 68,107 |
| Behyast | 78,064 | 80,310 | 68,756 | 71,918 | 8,722 | 4,082 | 5,588 | 3,710 |
| Corr | 44,122 | 50,880 | 37,416 | 41,093 | 8,632 | 3,250 | 3,074 | 5,188 |
| Totals for Roturned Letter Offices | 7,756,701 | 8,370,126 | 6,348,315 | 6,708,483 | 417,912 | 477,772 | 986,120 | 1,188,981 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dealt } \\ & \text { Hith in } \\ & \text { Head } \\ & \text { Offices } \end{aligned}$ | 2,427,165 | 2,534,897 | 2,427,165 | 2,584,897 | - | - | - | - |
| General Totals of Undelivered Correspondence | 10,183,866 | 10,905,023 | 8,770,480 | 9,288,380 | 417,912 | 477,772 | 986,120 | 1.188,981 |
| Incrusse | 721 | 157 | 467, |  |  |  |  | ,801 |
| Decrense - |  |  |  |  | - |  |  | - |

## APPENDIX G.-continued.

## Returned Postal Packets-continued.

A Comparative Statement showing the Numbers of Undelivered Letters and Parcels received and disposed of, and the Numbers of Postal Packets of other Classes received in the Returmed Letter Offices; also the Numbers of Undelivered Pobtal Pacerets dealt with in Head Pobt Oprices, in the Year ended 31st March 1902, and the Year ended 31st March 1903.

APPENDIX H .

## Telegrams.

Statement showing the Total Number of Telegrams forwarded from Telegraph Offices in the United Kingdom in each

| Year. | England and Wales. |  |  | Scotland. | Ireland. | Total. | Increase per Cent. per Annum. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Provinces. | Iondon. | Total. |  |  |  |  |
| 1893-94 | 36,130,000 | 23,502,000 | 59,632,000 | 7,280,000 | 3,987,000 | 70,8:9,000 | 1.4 |
| 1894-95 | 36,099,000 | 24,118,000 | 60,217,000 | 7,334,000 | 4,038,000 | 71,589,000 | 1.0 |
| 1895-96 | 39,411,000 | 27,025,000 | 66,436,000 | 8,096,000 | 4,308,000 | 78,840,000 | $10 \cdot 1$ |
| 1896-97 | 40,805,000 | 86,645,000 | 66,950,000 | 8,094,000 | 4,379,000 | 79,423.000 | $\cdot 7$ |
| 1897-98 | 42,542,000 | 27,419,000 | 69,961,000 | 8,46 4,000 | 4,605,000 | 83,030,000 | $4 \cdot 5$ |
| 1898-99 | 44,782,000 | 28,468,000 | 73,250,000 | 9,065,000 | 4,729,000 | 87,044,000 | $4 \cdot 8$ |
| 1899-1900 | 46,145,000 | 29,971,000 | 76,116,000 | 9,388,000 | 4,911,000 | 90,415,000 | 3.9 |
| 1900-01 | 46,029,00n | 29,856,000 | 75,385,000 | 9,289,000 | 4,903,000 | 89,577,000 |  |
| 1901-02 | 46,858,000 | 28,924,000 | 75,782,000 | 9,730,000 | 4,920,000 | 90,432,000 | 1.0 |
| 1902-08 | 47,673,000 | 30,103,000 | 77,777,000 | 9,566,000 | 5,128,000 | 92,471,000 | $2 \cdot 3$ |

## APPENDIX H.--continued.

Telegrams-continued.
Statement showing the Number of Trlegrams forwarded from Telegraph Offices in the United Kingdom during the Years 1901-1902 and 1902-1903; and the Increase or Decrease in each Month of the latter Year as compared with the corresponding Month of the former Year.

| Month. | 1901-1902. | 1902-1903. | ( + ) Increase. <br> (-) Decrease. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| April | 7,484,000 | 7.572,000 | + 88,000 |
| May | 8,229,000 | 8,131,000 | - 98,000 |
| Jnne | 7,927,000 | 8,556,000 | + 629,000 |
| July | 8,749,000 | 9,050,000 | + 301,000 |
| August | 8.708,000 | , 9,050,000 | + 348,000 |
| September - | 7,778,000 | 8,293,000 | + 515,000 |
| October - | 7,942,000 | 8,243,000 | + 301,000 |
| November | 7,197,000 | 6,984,000 | - 218,000 |
| December | 6.491,000 | 6,905,000 | + 414,000 |
| January | 6,901,000 | 6,709,000 | - 192,000 |
| February | 6.115,000 | 6,087,000 | - 28,000 |
| March | 6,911,000 | 6,891,000 | - 20,000 |
|  | 90,432,000 | 92,471,000 | +2,039,000 |

APPENDIX I.


|  sมุury satulars plO ui sxoqtsodacI <br>  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & 18 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { o } \\ & \text { in } \\ & \text { हi } \\ & \text { o } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 5 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{5}{5}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & 10 \\ & \text { of } \\ & 06 \\ & 5 \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ＇peuṭquoo syurg әอทีด 780 d put syuzg ssultabg pio <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & g \\ & \stackrel{g}{=} \\ & = \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & \text { in } \\ & =1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9 \\ & \mathrm{E} \\ & = \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & \stackrel{8}{8} \\ & \text { as } \end{aligned}$ | I I N | $\begin{aligned} & \overrightarrow{-} \\ & \text { on } \\ & - \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { in } \\ & \text { of } \\ & - \end{aligned}$ | 8 8 0 0 | N N ＋ |
| －двәК өч <br>  <br>  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{1}{6} \\ & 0 \\ & 5 \\ & 05 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \bar{\infty} \\ & \overrightarrow{0} \\ & \overrightarrow{0} \\ & 10 \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $91 v^{\prime} 8 s^{\prime} 68 \mathrm{~L}$ | Q ब2 \％ \％ \％ | 51 10 8 6 15 15 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { g } \\ & 8 \\ & \text { 8 } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |
| ＇sestmord yugg ssulabs <br>  | \& | $\begin{aligned} & \delta_{0}^{2} \\ & \text { ni } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { §8 } \\ & \text { \%ix } \\ & \text { on } \end{aligned}$ | 8 8 0 0 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & \text { B } \\ & \text { B } \end{aligned}$ | $\delta_{0}^{8}$ | $8$ | 8 0 0 10 | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & \text { ni } \\ & \frac{1}{5} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 8_{0}^{2} \\ & 01 \\ & 00 \end{aligned}$ |
|  <br>  －дәғsвuizsod јо spury u！әәив［घg | $9$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{2}{4} \\ & 5 \\ & 5 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & { }_{c}^{2} \\ & c_{2} \\ & 1 \\ & i \end{aligned}$ | 产 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 08 \\ & 10 \\ & 10 \\ & 9 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \underset{\sim}{7} \\ & \underset{\sim}{7} \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\stackrel{9}{4}}{16}$ |
|  <br>  <br>  780 J jo $\ddagger$ ！podo of su！pueqs uns［B10 |  |  | $105.064,203$ | $\begin{aligned} & 01 \\ & 0 \\ & 00 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \stackrel{y}{0} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { g } \\ & =3 \\ & \mathbf{S} \\ & \mathbf{N} \\ & \mathbf{N} \end{aligned}$ | $133,218,290$ |  |  | 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 10 <br> 6 <br> 60 <br> 0 <br> 06 <br> 0 <br> 2 |
|  | $\stackrel{++}{+i+1}$ | $\underset{\infty}{++}$ | $\underset{\text { ※+ }}{\stackrel{+}{2}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & ++ \\ & \underset{~}{\rightleftarrows} \end{aligned}$ | ＋ | $\underset{\sim}{+1}$ | $\underset{\text { ch }}{\substack{4+\\ \hline}}$ | ＋ | 萮 | $\infty$ |
|  | $\infty$ | c． | $\infty$ | － | N | － | － | 上 | － | － |
|  | $\dot{0}^{15}$ | $\infty$ | － | － | $\stackrel{1}{ }$ | $\infty$ | 1 | $\infty$ | $\odot$ | $\infty$ |
| do asojo 7 8 qumoors uөdo yora jo | $\stackrel{\circ}{\circ}$ | ～ | $\infty$ | 19 | $\bigcirc$ | $\sim$ | $\infty$ | － | 9 | $\because$ |
|  | $\stackrel{\text { ¢ }}{ }$ | $\pm$ | 12 | 19 | $\oplus$ | 9 | $\stackrel{\square}{\square}$ | $\pm$ | $\pm$ | 12 |
|  s）unoove uodo［［8 jo q！pers of Sit <br>  |  | 8 8 8 Q 8 8 | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 10 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | ت e． e． en | $\begin{aligned} & 08 \\ & 0 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 0 \\ & = \end{aligned}$ |  | 38 0 $=$ $=$ $\stackrel{10}{2}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{2}{6} \\ & \stackrel{9}{15} \\ & \text { 管 } \end{aligned}$ |  | 8 <br> 8 <br> 8 <br> $=$ |
|  <br>  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 䈃 } \\ & 10 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 00 \\ & \hline 0 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 09 \\ & 8 \\ & 80 \\ & 80 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \\ & 10 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & i=1 \\ & i \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 10 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | 8 0 5 5 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 10 \\ & 0 \\ & 1= \\ & 10 \\ & 10 \\ & \infty \end{aligned}$ |  |
| ＇pasojo squnoove jo лaquinn | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & \text { on } \\ & \text { on } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -8 \\ & 10 \\ & 10 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\infty}{\infty}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 0 \\ & 10 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & \text { A } \\ & \text { H } \\ & \text { ( } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17 \\ & 10 \\ & \frac{1}{6} \\ & \frac{1}{6} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \overline{8} \\ & 0 \\ & 10 \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & 0 \\ & \text { on } \\ & \text { oi } \\ & \text { o } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{10}{2} \\ & \text { git } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | E E |
| ＇perado squnooor jo таquи！＇s |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 德 } \\ & \text { 管 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 苓 } \\ & \text { 苓 } \\ & = \end{aligned}$ |  | 85 <br> 8 <br> 8 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & \frac{8}{1} \\ & 08 \\ & 05 \\ & \hline 9 \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{E}{5}$ |  | 閣 |
|  | $=$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & ++ \\ & \text { + } \\ & \hline 6 \end{aligned}$ | $++$ <br> $\omega$ | $\begin{aligned} & +4 \\ & 4 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & ++ \\ & \text { +15 } \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & ++ \\ & 10 \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ | ＋ |  | 0 |
|  | 4） | $\begin{aligned} & ++ \\ & 1 \pm \\ & 10 \\ & 10 \\ & \underset{H}{4} \end{aligned}$ |  | + 1 1 0 0 9 |  | $\begin{aligned} & ++ \\ & \text { - } \\ & 8 \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & +1 \\ & 1 \\ & \infty \\ & 0 \\ & 18 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 10 \\ & 8 \\ & 5 \\ & 5 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { +4 } \\ & \text { 80 } \\ & \text { 8. } \end{aligned}$ | 合 |
|  |  | － | 2 | $\cdots$ | a | $=$ | － | 15 |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{\infty}= \\ & \dot{4}-0 \end{aligned}$ | $\cdots$ |  |  | $=$ | $\stackrel{20}{\sim}$ | $\omega$ |  | $\underset{\infty}{\infty}$ | $\stackrel{\text { N }}{+}$ |
| －spemzapulim jo qunouiv | क 4 |  |  |  | $30,624,995+$ |  |  | $$ |  |  |
| －s［bmexpylich jo aәquan | $\begin{aligned} & t \\ & \dot{\theta} \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & + \\ & \stackrel{0}{2} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & t \\ & 5 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \mathbf{0} \\ & 8 \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ | + 1 08 8 8 8 |  |  |
|  | \& |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { S } \\ & 8 \\ & 13 \\ & 8 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | तु की की की | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & 01 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & 10 \\ & 10 \\ & 10 \\ & \frac{1}{4} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9 \\ & 9 \\ & 9 \\ & \cdots \\ & \cdots \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | $\stackrel{3}{-}^{-}$ |  |  |  | $\underset{\square}{\square}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| T！norof qreo joqunour oakany | 以こ | 2 |  |  |  |  | 7 | － | $\stackrel{15}{\sim}$ |  |
| ＇stisodert jo qunomv |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {splisoder j jo deaturs }}$（ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { in } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { os } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \boxed{2} \\ & = \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t} \\ & \mathrm{t} \\ & \mathrm{E} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 23 \\ & 93 \\ & 93 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 29 \\ & \text { 8 } \\ & \text { g } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & 0 \\ & -2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | $\sim$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & \sum_{2}^{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathscr{S} \\ & \underset{\sim}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{+}{2} \\ & +\underset{\sim}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \underset{\sim}{\infty} \\ & \underset{\sim}{0} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\sim}{\infty}$ |  | $\underset{\sim}{8}$ |  |




sentatives．Por particuars，see statements or Goverament stook businoss and Anoutyland haranco

 would be 7d．
APPENDIX J.-continued.

## Post Office Savings Bank-continued.

Table showing the under-mentioned particulars of the Business for each Year since the passing of the Savings Bank Act, 1893, in

|  | Year ended 31st December |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1894. | 1895. | 1896. | 1897. | 1898. | 1899. | 1900. | 1901. | 1902. |
| Total number of depositors - | 6,108,763 | 6,453,597 | 6,862,035 | 7,239,761 | 7,630,502 | 8,046,680 | 8,439,983 | 8,787,675 | 9,133,161 |
| Total number of deporits | 10,978,651 | 11,384,977 | 12,638,307 | 18,012,935 | 18,757,244 | 14,654,609 | 14,969,849 | 15,018,645 | 15,250,816 |
| Average amount of each deposit account. | 14l. 12s. 3 d . | 15l. 3s. 4 d . | 15l. 15s. 1 d . | 16l. 0s. 2 d . | 16l. 2s.9d. | 16l. 3s. 5 d. | 161. 1s. 8 d . | 15l. 19s. 6d. | 13l. 16 s .8 d . |
| Average sum paid in | 2l. 15s. 6d. | 2l. 16s. 4d. | 2l. 17 s . 5 d . | 2l. 14s. 11d. | 2l. 14s. 4 d . | 2l. 188. 5 d . | 2l. 14s. 2 d . | 2l. 15s. 2 d . | 2l.15s.4d. |
| Average sum drawn out - | 6l. 3s. 1 d . | 6l. 5s. 3d. | 6l. 10s. 5d. | 6l. 11s. 2 d . | 6l. 12 s . 11 d . | 6l. 183. 1d. | 7l. 1s. 5 d. | 6l. 18s. 9d. | 6l. 17s. 8d. |
| Total number of persons who have deposited in single suins the entire amount allowed to be deposited in each year - | 35,850 | 48,500 | 54,700 | 53,500 | 54,000 | 51,700 | 48,100 | 48,900 | 49,800 |

Post Offlce Bavings Bank-continued.

APPENDIX J.-continued.
Post Offlce Savings Bank-coutinued.


* New Tables of Life Insurance Premiums introduced 1st Pebruary 1896.


## APPENDIX J.-continued.

## Post Offlice Savings Bank-continued.

(II.) Table showing the Number and Amount of Contracts entered into from the Commencement of Business on 17th April 1865 to the 31st December 1902, and the Number and Amount of Contracts in existence on the 31st December 1902.


## APPENDIX J.-continued.

## Post Office Savings Bank-continued.

Rgturn of the Balance Sheits of the Post Office Savingb Banks on the 31st day of December 1902, showing the balance due to Depositors, the estimated amount of expenses remaining unpaid, the value of Securities according to the average price of the day on 81 st December 1902, the amount of cash in hand and Dividends accrued but not received at the end of the year, and the surplus or deficiency of Funds to meet Liabilities (so far as relates to the National Debt Office).

| Securities standing in the Nam Commissioners for the Reduction of th Post Ophicb Savings Banes | es of the <br> National Debt <br> Fund. | Value of Securities at price of 31 Dec. 1909. | Dividends accrued but not received at the end of the Year. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stocrs: <br> 24 per cont. Consols - | $\begin{array}{cccc}\boldsymbol{e} & \boldsymbol{s} . & \text { d. } \\ 62,651,992 & 12 & 5\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ccc} \boldsymbol{e} & \text { s. } & d . \\ 58,268,353 & 2 & 9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{lll} \boldsymbol{e} & \text { s. } & d . \end{array}$ $407,50315 \quad 4$ |
| 21 per cents. | 8,869,170 158 | 8,521,980 109 | 62,325 26 |
| Lucal Loans 3 per cent. Stock | 10,947,690 b 1 | 11,002,428 141 | 77.645 e |
| 2t per cent. Annuities (190s) | 302,000 0 | 1297,092 100 | 1,963 83 |
| 2f per cent. Guaranteed Land Stock | 4,817,550 158 | $4,204,322 \leqslant 6$ | 63.146 5 |
| 24 per cent. War Stock | 205,000 00 | 201,158 Б 0 | 1,332 157 |
| Bille and Bonds: Treasury Bills - | 25,000 00 | 24,294 47 | 35019 |
| Exchequer Bonds (1908) | 140,000 00 | 139,562 100 | 9601 |
| Exchequer Bonds (1905) - - | 470,000 00 | 468,237 100 | 9400 |
| Ekyptian Guaranteed 3 per cent. ${ }_{\text {Bonds }}$ | 592,100 00 | 605,422 5 0 | - |
| Greek Guaranteed 2ł per cent. Bonds | 1,210,400 00 | 1,119,620 00 | - |
| $\underset{\text { Bonds }}{\text { Canada }}$ Guaranteed 4 per cent. $\}$ | 30,000 00 | 30,300 00 | - |
| Irish Land Commission Bonds | 800,000 00 | 800,000 00 | - |
| Local Loans Bonds - | $7,400,0000$ | 7,400,000 00 | 82,887 4 |
| Anmuitirs for Termb of Years: <br> Converted Annuity, per $46 \& 47$ |  |  |  |
| Converted Annuity, per 46 \& 47 ) Vict. c. 54. s. b, $48 \& 49$ Vict. |  |  |  |
| c. 43., 63 Vict. c. 7 ., and I Edw. VII. c. 7. | 381,918 00 | 1,226,422 13 4 | - |
| Savings Bank Annuitiea expiring ${ }_{\text {1913 }}$ |  |  |  |
|  | 180,559 00 | $\begin{array}{llll}\left(\begin{array}{lll}\text { a } \\ 1,501,554\end{array}\right. & 0 & & \\ \end{array}$ |  |
| c. 16., $62 \&$ \& 63 Vict. c. $9 ., 63$ c. 7 ., and 1 Vict. Edw. VIII. c. 7. | 180,509 0 | 1.501,054 00 | - |
| Savings Banks Annuities expirink |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{63}$ Vict. c. 7 ., and 1 Edww. VII. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 584,717 00 | 8,995,170 0 | - |
| Co. 7. Debt Annuity, per 68 \& 63$)$ |  |  |  |
| Vict. c. ${ }^{9 .,}$ 63 Vict. c. 7., and |  | (a) ${ }_{9}$ |  |
| 1 Edw. VIİ. c. 7. | 684,635 0 | $9,577,254$ (a) 12 | - |
| $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Conversion, 188-1, Annuity, per } 47 \\ \text { Vict. c. 2. s. 2. }\end{array}\right\}$ | 35,12100 | ${ }^{(a)}{ }_{34,564} 78$ | - |
| Red Sea and India Telegraph |  |  |  |
| Annuity, per 25 \& 28 Vict. c. 39.$\}$ <br> Russian-Dutch Loan Annuity | 3,100 00 |  | - |
|  | 35,176 180 | ${ }_{13}^{(a)}{ }_{132688} 18 \quad 2$ | - |
| Telegraph Annuities, per $55 \& 56$ Vict. c. 59 ., $59 \& 60$ Vict. c. $40 ., 61$ ${ }^{*} 62$ Vict. c. 38., and $62 \& 63$ Vict.c. 38 | 827,430 120 | $\stackrel{(a)}{\text { 2,144,502 }} 12 \mathrm{l}$ | - |
| Carried forward | - | 16,596,857 5 | 689,124 183 |

(a) Value, inclusive of interest, to 31st December 1902.
(b) Cash value (at the price of Consols on 31st December 1902) of the amount of 24 per cent Consols, estimated to have been unreplaced at 31st December 1902, out of the amount of Stock originally cancelled in exchange for these Annuities. Act 54 \& 55 Vict. c. 24

## APPENDIX J.-continued.

Post Offlce Savings Bank-continued.

(a) Value, inclusive of interest, to 31st December 1902.
National Debt ()ffice,
6th May 1903.
G. W. Hervey,
Comptroller General.
APPÉNDIX J.-continued.

 The rost f f the site of the Savings Bank buildings in Queen Victoria Street and the cost of the buildings (together 372,0001.) have been paid ont of the Post Office Savings The cost if the site of the Savings Bank buildings in Queen Victoria Street and the cost of the buildings (together 372,000l.) have been paid ont of the Post Offlce Savings
Bank funds.

## Post Offlce Savings Bank-continued.

BALANCE SHEET.
Beturn of the Balaroi Sheets of the Post Offici Savings Banks for the Year 1902, showing the Balance due to Depositore, the Amount of Expenses remaining Unpaid, the $V$ alue of Securities acoording to the average price of the day on 31 st December 1902, Amount of Cash in Hand and Dividends accrued but not received at the end of the Year, \&cc., and the Fixcess of Liabilities over Assets.

APPENDIX K.

## Money Orders.

Money Order Business in each of the last Ten Years.

|  | Inland Orders. |  |  |  | Colomial Orderb. |  |  |  | Forbign Obdirb. |  |  |  | Grand Total. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| year. | Number. | Amount. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Increase } \\ & \text { percent. } \\ & \text { ont } \\ & \text { Number. } \end{aligned}$ | Increase percent. Amount. | Number. | Amount. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Increase } \\ \text { per ceant. } \\ \text { on } \\ \text { Number. } \end{gathered}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Increase } \\ \text { per cent. } \\ \text { on } \\ \text { A mount. } \end{array}\right\|$ | Number. | Amount. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Increase } \\ \text { per cent. } \\ \text { on } \\ \text { Amount. } \end{gathered}$ | Number. | Amount. | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Increase } \\ \text { per cent. } . \\ \text { on } \\ \text { Number. } \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Increase } \\ & \text { per cent. } \\ & \text { on } \\ & \text { A mount. } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1593-94 | 9,027,934 | $\underset{24,575,036}{\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}}$ | 7 | Decrease | 515,476 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{l\|} 1,787,001 \end{array}\right.$ | 6.1 | 8.0 | 981,364 | $\begin{gathered} \boldsymbol{e} \\ 2,38,092 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decrease } \\ 1 \cdot 2 \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{2.1}{\text { Decrease. }}$ | 10,524,774 | $\underset{\text { 28,720,829 }}{ }$ | $\cdot 7$ | $\cdot 1$ |
| 1891-95 | 9,190,314 | 24,953,539 | $1 \cdot 7$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { lucrease }}}{\substack{\text { n }}}$ | 518,562 | 1,711,818 | $\cdot 5$ | $\underset{3}{\substack{\text { Decrease }}}$ | 976,340 | 2,257,777 | $\cdot 5$ | $5 \cdot 0$ | 10,883,208 | 28,023,127 | 15 | $\cdot 7$ |
| 1835-96 | 9,334,296 | 22,583,236 | 1.5 | $2 \cdot 5$ | 530,786 | 1,778,579 | 4.0 | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Increase. } \\ 3.9 \end{array}$ | 1,026,881 | 2,368,002 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Increase. } \\ 5 \cdot 1 \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{4.7}{ }$ | 10,900,983 | 29,726,817 | $2 \cdot 0$ | $2 \cdot 7$ |
| 1896-97 | 9,314,192 | 25,919,833 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decrease. } \\ & -2 \end{aligned}$ | $1 \cdot 3$ | 573,135 | 1,905,661 | $6 \cdot 1$ | $7 \cdot 1$ | 1,034,460 | 2,223,573 | $\cdot 7$ | $2 \cdot 4$ | 10,921,617 | 30,249,087 | $\cdot 1$ | 1.7 |
| 1597-98 | 9,429,009 | 27,404,145 | $\underset{1 \cdot 2}{\text { Increase. }}$ | $8 \cdot 0$ | 667,315 | 1,842,871 | $\begin{array}{c\|} \text { Decrease. } \\ 1.0 \end{array}$ | $\underset{3.2}{\text { Decrease. }}$ | 1,131,334 | 2,777,583 | $9 \cdot 3$ | $14 \cdot 6$ | 11,128,288 | 32,114,579 | 1.8 | $6 \cdot 1$ |
| 1803-99 | 8,721,647 | 28,604,07s | $3 \cdot 1$ | $4 \cdot 0$ | 593,414 | 1,858,307 | $\underset{4 \rightarrow 6}{\text { Increase. }}$ | Increase. | 1,190, 140 | 2,816,132 | $2 \cdot 5$ | $1 \cdot 3$ | 11,475,201 | 33,278,517 | $3 \cdot 1$ | $3 \cdot 6$ |
| 1899-1900 | 10,292,890 | 30,505,951 | 5.8 | $6 \cdot 6$ | 617,340 | 1,876,411 | 4.0 | $\cdot 9$ | 1,177,229 | 2,819,500 | 1.4 | $\cdot 1$ | 12,087,459 | 33,201,262 | $5 \cdot 3$ | $5 \cdot 7$ |
| 1000-01 | 11,375,518 | 34,454,859 | 10.5 | 12.9 | 680,370 | 2,074,405 | $10 \cdot 2$ | 10.5 | 1,207,879 | 2,865,311 | $2 \cdot 5$ | $\cdot 9$ | 18,289,567 | 30,374,885 | ${ }^{8 \cdot 7}$ | 11.8 |
| 1901-02 | 11,622,333 | 38,980,120 | $4 \cdot 5$ | 6.4 | 784,785 | 2,463,714 | $15 \cdot 3$ | $18 \cdot 7$ | 1,288,342 | 3,036,987 | 8.5 | $7 \cdot 0$ | 13,983,410 | 42,189,201 | $5 \cdot 2$ | $7 \cdot 0$ |
| 1902-03 | 12,181,881 | 38,920,598 | 2.2 | .6.2 | 080,402 | 8,124,51 | $24 \cdot 9$ | 28.8 | 1,880,071 | 3 357,948 | 8.8 | $10 \cdot 2$ | 14,831,224 | 45,402,498 | 41 | $7 \cdot 7$ |

APPENDIX K.-continued.
Money Orders-continued.

| Ybia. | Evaland and Waleg. |  |  |  |  | Scotland. |  |  |  | Irbland. |  |  |  |  | Urited Kimado. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number. | Amount. |  |  |  | Number. | Amount. |  |  | Number. | Amount. |  | 䓪 | Number or Mouey issued to each 100 of popu- lation. | Number. | Amount. |  |  |
| 1893-94 | 7,488,054 | $\underset{20,643,160}{\boldsymbol{L}}$ | $1 \cdot 2$ | ${ }_{\text {D }}$ | 24.9 | 1,008,662 | $2, \underset{\sim}{\boldsymbol{\ell}} \mid$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decrease. } \\ & 2 \cdot 2 \\ & 2 \cdot 1 \end{aligned}$ | 24.4 |  | 1,388,275 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1894-95 | 7,688,766 | 21,040,022 | $2 \cdot 3$ | Inc. | 25.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $11 \cdot 6$ | 8,027,084 | 24,575,036 | ${ }^{7} \stackrel{1}{\square}$ | 88.3 |
| 1895-98 | 7,778,115 | 21,539,008 | $1 \cdot 5$ | $2 \cdot 8$ | $25 \cdot 3$ | 1,017,320 | 2,549,597 |  | $23 \cdot 9$ | 536,714 | 1,363,913 |  |  | $11 \cdot 6$ | 9,180,304 | 24,953,532 | $1.7{ }_{1}{ }_{1}^{\text {Inc. }} 8$ | $23 \cdot 6$ |
| 1890-97 | 7,784,344 |  |  |  |  | 1,017,320 | 2,971,839 | - ${ }_{\text {2.21. }}$ | $24 \cdot 2$ | 538,881 | 1,571,391 |  | ${ }^{5}$ | 11.8 | 9,884,298 | 22,582,238 | 1.58 | $2 \cdot$ |
| 1887-98 | 7,8 |  |  |  |  | 092,426 | 2,688,67 |   <br> 2.4 1 <br> Ine.  <br>   | 23.5 | 637,2 | 1,401,889 |  | $2 \cdot 2$ | 11.8 | 0,314,022 | 25,919,883 | ${ }^{\text {Dec. }} \times$ | 23.4 |
| 1898-99 | 8,159,871 |  |  |  |  | 987,740 | 2,772,746 |  | 29.7 | 547,614 | 1,510,174 |  | $\cdot 7$ | 19.0 | 9,429,009 | 27,404,145 | $\begin{array}{cc}\text { Inc. } \\ 1 \cdot 2 & 8.0\end{array}$ | $23 \cdot 5$ |
| 1898-1900 | 8,656,871 | ,94 |  |  |  | 1,003,188 | 2,911,880 | ${ }^{3 \cdot 6} 5$ | $3 \cdot 6$ | 8,638 | 1.570,942 | $2 \cdot 0$ | 4.0 | $12 \cdot 3$ | 9,721,647 | 28,60,678 | $3 \cdot 14.0$ | $24 \cdot 1$ |
| 1900-01 | 9,688,474 |  |  |  | 2 | 3,047,184 | 8,119,470 | 4.3 | 24 | 3,885 | 1,688,787 |  | 7.5 | 18.0 | 10,892,880 | 30,500,351 | $5 \cdot 8$ 6.6 | 25. |
| 1901-02 | 10,087,088 | 28, 11008,7485 |  |  | 29.9 | 1,094,431 | 3,344,691 | 4.5 7.2 | $25 \cdot 3$ | 642,613 | 1,888,423 |  | $12 \cdot 8$ | 14.2 | 11,975,518 | 34,454,859 | 10.512.9 | ${ }^{7}$ |
| 1902-03 |  |  | 4.48 |  | 30 | 1,483 | 3,556,429 | $\begin{array}{lll}4.2 & 6.3\end{array}$ | $2 \cdot 4$ | 883,862 | 2,197,037 | 8.4 | $10 \cdot 5$ | $15 \cdot 3$ | 1,892,38 | , | 4.5 | 88.5 |
|  | 10,208,129 | 2,746,950 | 1.9 | $8^{\circ} \cdot 6$ | 31.0 | 1,179,571 | 3,882,949 | 3.3 7.8 | 28.0 | 710,161 | 2,340,097 | 3.8 | $11 \cdot 6$ | 16.0 | 12,151,881 | 38,290,508 |  | 28.8 |

APPENDIX K.-continued.
Money Orders-continued.
Statement showing the Number and Amount of Monky Orders issued by and for other Government Departments, and by

| Year. | Admiralty. | Board of Education, England. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Board of } \\ \text { Public Works. } \\ \text { Ireland. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Board } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { Trade. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Civil } \\ \text { Commice } \\ \text { Comission. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { lndia } \\ \text { Offlce. } \end{gathered}$ | Inland Revenue. | Metropolitan Police. | $\begin{gathered} \text { offoc } \\ \text { ofrka. } \\ \text { Work. } \end{gathered}$ | Scotch Education. Department | War <br> Office. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1899-94\{ $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Number } \\ \text { Amount } 2\end{array}\right.$ | 281,548 | 6,812 | ${ }^{822}$ | 80,18 | 1,283 | 2,515 | 540 | ${ }^{8,576}$ | 10,498 | ${ }^{288}$ | 836.787 | 1,559.193 |
|  | 1,067,654 | 7,588 | 1,280 | 65,881 | 4,968 | 11,120 | 1,880,330 | 109,4 | 26,521 | 3,0 | 2,340,540 |  |
| 189-95 $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Number } \\ \text { Amount } \&\end{array}\right.$ | 313,979 | 7,315 | 568 | 90,413 | 1,918 | 2,215 | 588,224 | 9,597 | 9,829 | 357 | 839,97 | 1,661,520 |
|  | 1,188,353 | S35 | 887 | 58,914 | 5,171 | 10,206 | 1,919,620 | 126,471 | 25,978 | 3,832 | 2,353,597 | 5,770,383 |
| 1895-99 $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Number } \\ \text { Amount } 2\end{array}\right.$ | 69,782 | 10,885 | 811 | 78,452 | 1,077 | 2,108 | 329,438 | 10,461 | 9.771 | 875 | 641,839 | 1,764,147 |
|  | 1,308,597 | 101,200 | 183 | 50,712 | 4,197 | 9,005 | 2,011,887 | 140,722 | 28,071 | 4,148 | 2,579,328 | 6,038,113 |
| $\text { 1890-97 }\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { Number } \\ \text { Amount } 2 \end{array}\right.$ | 398,900 | 1,38 | 143 | 78,998 | 984 | 1,847 | 635,850 | 11,912 | 9,876 | 383 | 627,579 | 1,777,704 |
|  | 1,366,775 | 103,627 | 78 | 50,067 | 3,931 | 8,040 | 2,012.300 | 182,310 | 28,228 | 4,263 | 2,947,510 | 6,085,136 |
| 1897-98 $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Number } \\ \text { Amount } \text { \& }\end{array}\right.$ | .780 | 29 | 286 | 73,542 | 1,057 | 1,718 | 625,521 | 12,923 | 8,882 | 880 | 630,113 | 1,855,923 |
|  | 1,491,382 | 106,617 | s23 | 40,782 | 3,868 | 7,058 | 2,037,317 | 179.548 | 24,218 | 4,044 | 2,541,145 | 6,241,538 |
| 1898-99 $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Number } \\ \text { A mount } 2\end{array}\right.$ | 511,981 | 11,899 | 256 | 78,794 | 1,129 | 1,573 | 632,644 | 14,094 | 4,08 | 474 | 622,14 | 1,877,056 |
|  | 1,542,615 | 104,414 | 874 | 48,194 | 3,776 | 6,303 | 2,012,310 | 197,156 | 17,073 | 4,707 | 2,315,134 | 6,282,066 |
| ${ }_{1900}^{1890-} \begin{aligned} & \text { 10, } \begin{array}{l}\text { Number } \\ \text { Amount } 2\end{array}\end{aligned}$ | 694,103 | 2,168 | 185 | 78,216 | 1,284 | 1,413 | 659,228 | 16,272 | 4,410 | 457 | 787,28 | 2,102,004 |
|  | 1,653,155 | 108,64 | 64 | 30,178 | 4,208 | 5,573 | 2,064,328 | 214,715 | 18.074 | 4,854 | 2,760,78 | 6,841,371 |
| $\text { 1900-01 }\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { Number } \\ \text { Amount } \ell \end{array}\right.$ | 554.656 | 12,830 | 262 | 77,908 | 1,391 | 302 | 679,098 | 22,729 | 4,829 | 375 | 1,388,058 | 2,718,228 |
|  | 1,629,434 | 108,84 | 403 | 40,766 | . 15 | 4,883 | 2,229,242 | 283,846 | 20,561 | 4210 | 4,807,446 | 8,992,757 |
| 1901-02 $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Number } \\ \text { Amount } 2\end{array}\right.$ | 6e9,718 | 11,662 | 120 | 78,572 | 1,300 | 1,233 | 746,06s | 18,583 | 6,044 | 457 | 1,529,518 | 2,761,068 |
|  | 1,683,505 | 103,218 | 41 | 47,516 | 4,428 | 4,621 | 2,780.508 | 240,165 | 96,851 | 4,748 | 4,280,201 | 9,098,890 |
| 1902-03 $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Number } \\ \text { A mount e }\end{array}\right.$ | 1888,482 <br> $1.702, \mathrm{mp}$ | 11,000 | 817 | 79,403 | 1, 1208 | 1,293 | 791,257 | 17,783 | ${ }^{6,5222}$ | $478$ | $1,140,983$ | $2,648,464$ |

## APPENDIX K.-continued.

## Money Orders-continued.

Statement showing the Number and Amount of Inland Telegraph
Money Orders issued in each of the last Ten Years.

| Year. | Number. | Amount. | Increase per cent. on Number. | Increase per cent. on Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1853-94 | 106,890 | $\stackrel{\neq 1}{366,908}$ | $33 \cdot 6$ | $85 \cdot 8$ |
| 1894-95 | 132,457 | 456,731 | $23 \cdot 9$ | 24.5 |
| 1895-96 | 153,318 | 515,804 | $15 \cdot 7$ | $12 \cdot 8$ |
| 1896-97 | 160,470 | 588,316 | $4 \cdot 7$ | $2 \cdot 5$ |
| 1897-98 | 205,754 | 698,944 | $28 \cdot 2$ | 32-3 |
| 1898-99 | 257,650 | 878,078 | $25 \cdot 2$ | $25 \cdot 6$ |
| 1899-1900 | 311,943 | 999,086 | $21 \cdot 1$ | $18 \cdot 8$ |
| 1900-01 | 369,165 | 1,128,661 | $18 \cdot 8$ | $18 \cdot 0$ |
| 1901-02 | 411,952 | 1,840,619 | $11 \cdot 6$ | $9 \cdot 9$ |
| 1908-03 | 462,885 | 1,459,496 | 12.4 | $17 \cdot 6$ |

1st February 1897.-Rates of Commission reduced.
1st October 1898.-Private messages allowed in Telegrams of Advice, and compulsory repetition abolished.
APPENDIX K.-continued.
Money Orders-continued.

APPENDIX K.-continued.
Money Orders-continued.

APPENDIX K.-continued.

## Money Orders-continued.



| Year. | . u stralia. |  | British America. |  | India. |  | New Zeoland. |  | South Africa. |  | West Indies. |  | Other Colonies and Poutal Agencies. |  | Total. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Isnued } \\ \text { int ithe } \\ \text { in } \\ \text { U.K. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{c\|} \text { Issued } \\ \text { in } \\ \text { instralia. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Issueld } \\ \text { int hen } \\ \text { in.K. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { I seued } \\ \text { in } \\ \text { imerica. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Issued } \\ & \text { in the } \\ & \text { U.K. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Issued } \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ Indin. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Issued } \\ & \text { inthe } \\ & \text { in.K. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|} \hline \text { Insened } \\ \text { insew } \\ \text { Zealand. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lssued } \\ & \text { inthe } \\ & \text { U.K. } \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Issued } \\ \text { in } \\ \text { Ifouth } \\ \text { Irica. } \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Issued } \\ \text { in the } \\ \text { U.K. } \end{gathered}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Issued } \\ \text { int the } \\ \text { W.Indies } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Innued } \\ & \text { int the } \\ & \text { in.K. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Tsegued } \\ \text { in } \\ \text { Clonies. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Issued } \\ & \text { in the } \\ & \text { U.K. } \end{aligned}$ | $\left.\begin{gathered} \text { Issued } \\ \text { in } \\ \text { in } \\ \text { alonies. } \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ |
|  | $\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}$ | 8 | e | $\boldsymbol{L}$ | $\boldsymbol{L}$ | $\boldsymbol{L}$ | $\boldsymbol{L}$ | $\boldsymbol{L}$ | $\boldsymbol{L}$ | 2 | $\boldsymbol{L}$ | $\boldsymbol{L}$ | $\varepsilon$ | 2 | $\boldsymbol{R}$ | $\varepsilon$ |
| 1993-94 | 148,702 | 286,881 | 92,845 | 215,136 | 84,228 | 167,03s | 29,933 | 78,488 | 36,880 | 287.039 | 11,883 | 216,888 | 25,913 | 105,594 | 280,384 | 1,397,397 |
| 1804-95 | 144,602 | 228,454 | 102,887 | 193,274 | 80,408 | 143,257 | 30,363 | 72,688 | 42,966 | 325,191 | 11,498 | 207,400 | 25,484 | 114,927 | 427,298 | 1,284,680 |
| 1895-98 | 117,599 | 222,797 | 100,671 | 176,498 | 96,345 | 150,525 | 31,585 | 72,88 | 48,599 | 385,47 | 12,748 | 193,873 | 28,538 | 138,000 | 435,820 | 1,442,769 |
| : $598-97$ | 112,874 | 242,093 | 102,705 | 183,225 | 82,567 | 182,784 | 31,288 | 76.785 | 68,388 | 483,738 | 14,095 | 183,475 | 33,500 | 168,172 | 430,414 | 2,775,247 |
| 1897-98 | 111,208 | 255,850 | 107,938 | 171,722 | 138,099 | 201,662 | 2,040 | 88,802 | 48,191 | 348,521 | 14,773 | 156,368 | 32,388 | 138,080 | 483,935 | 3s9,0 |
| 1890-99 | 113,908 | 248,518 | 100,370 | 178,283 | 135,089 | 207,007 | 31,500 | 90,640 | 55,022 | 855.777 | 16,463 | 144581 | 35,988 | 131,012 | 407,829 | 1,380,878 |
| 1890-1900 | 114,008 | 244,132 | 107,788 | 197,034 | 10, 185 | 209,194 | 8,209 | 112,761 | 64,941 | 368,057 | 14,779 | 146,194 | 39,153 | 127,408 | 478,681 | 1,399,780 |
| 1900-01 | 113,181 | 250,757 | 107,130 | 218,653 | 71,883 | 218,229 | 31,208 | 108,268 | 70,445 | 636,622 | 14.877 | 148,878 | 40,722 | 148,910 | 440,483 | 1,623,012 |
| 1901-08 | 119,008 | 288,818 | 111,574 | 258,502 | 76,073 | 287,04 | 32,s70 | 106,260 | 60,107 | 788,977 | 18,080 | 138,280 | 45,712 | 180,885 | 456,801 | 2,008,813 |
| 1902-03 | 117,167 | 257,001 | 128,740 | 313,244 | 97,040 | 202,682 | 34,288 | 120,816 | 107,224 | 1,274,886 | 19,989 | 131,032 | 57,404 | 174.7e9 | s58,941 | 2,584,610 |

APPENDIX K.-continued.

| Table showing the Amount of Monky Order Transactions between the United Kingdom and Fo in each of the last Ten Years. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tear. | Austria. |  | Belgium. |  | Deunark. |  | Egypt. |  | France. |  | Germany. |  | Holland. |  | Hungary. |  | Italy. |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Issived } \\ \text { inthe } \\ \text { ink.K. } \end{gathered}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Issued } \\ \text { in Aus- } \\ \text { tria. } \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Issued } \\ \text { inthe } \\ \text { ith.K. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Issucd } \\ & \text { innel. } \\ & \text { indel. } \\ & \text { gium. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Issued } \\ \text { int } \\ \text { int. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Issued } \\ & \text { ind Den. } \\ & \text { mark. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Isued } \\ \text { inthe } \\ \text { it.K. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Issued } \\ \text { in } \\ \text { Egypt. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Issued } \\ & \text { insthe } \\ & \text { U.K. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Issued } \\ \text { in } \\ \text { France. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Issued } \\ & \text { inthe } \\ & \text { in.K. } \end{aligned}$ | Issued in Ger-naer- many. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Issued } \\ \text { int he } \\ \text { in.K. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Lssued } \\ \text { in } \\ \text { illand. } \end{gathered}$ | Issued in the U.K. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Issued } \\ \text { in Hun. } \\ \text { gary. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Issued } \\ & \text { inthe } \\ & \text { U.K. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Lssued } \\ \text { intaly. } \\ \text { Ita } \end{gathered}$ |
| 1893-94 | $\underset{26,105}{L_{2}^{2}}$ | $\begin{gathered} \varepsilon \\ 19,889 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \underset{2}{\boldsymbol{L}} 113 \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{50,371}{\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}}$ | $\underset{16,062}{\boldsymbol{e}}$ | $\underset{\text { 15,805 }}{\underline{\varepsilon}}$ | $\frac{2}{4,042}$ | $\underset{28,495}{\boldsymbol{e}}$ | $\stackrel{2}{181,916}$ | $\underset{154,938}{\boldsymbol{L}}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 183,708 } \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{138,218}{\ell}$ | $\underset{19,887}{\boldsymbol{L}}$ | $\stackrel{\&}{24,471}$ | $\underset{0,084}{\boldsymbol{e}}$ | $\underset{\text { s,036 }}{\text { ¢ }}$ | 38,718 | $\underset{21,168}{\boldsymbol{\ell}}$ |
| 1894-85 | 27,815 | 259 | 31,545 | 40,101 | 15,134 | 15,02 | 4,864 | 26,241 | 122,597 | 157,831 | 179,958 | 144,550 | 21,323 | 27,010 | 5,844 | 5,546 | 38,256 | 8,707 |
| 1895-96 | 32,054 | 24,561 | 32,994 | . 272 | 16,562 | 5,38 | 4,370 | 26,237 | 129,064 | 164,355 | 178,087 | 149,108 | 29,380 | 30,32 | 5,83 | 7,78 | 4,75 | 31,213 |
| 1898-97 | 40,884 | 516 | 34,0\% | 55,42 | 16,565 | 15,2 | 4,738 | 28,929 | 137,261 | 160,080 | 190,000 | 148,716 | 42,0s | 32,58 | 8,052 | 7,52 | 55,107 | 17,708 |
| 1597-98 | 52,704 | 28,961 | 39,162 | 56,301 | 17,193 | 16,01 | 5,000 | 31,563 | 149,109 | 164,66.4 | 203,78 | 180,222 | 50,816 | 31.08 | 11,44 | 7,52 | 69,752 | 16,829 |
| 1898-99 | 68,586 | 131 | 8,612 | 58,234 | 17,35 | 19,3 | 5,985 | 50,875 | 155,206 | 175,332 | 201,124 | 180,938 | 47,798 | 32,039 | 15,002 | 0,31 | 71,27 | 8,325 |
| 1899-1900 | 85,880 | 774 | 40,449 | 59,768 | 1978 | 21,23 | 8,094 | 49,874 | 155,418 | 170,130 | 205,117 | 178,588 | 39,65 | 32,665 | 20,904 | 0,s | 76,178 | 16,132 |
| 1000-01 | ,822 | 619 | 42,220 | 58,932 | 20,49 | 21,617 | 6,227 | 43,725 | 167,379 | 185,300 | 208,319 | 75,387 | 38,785 | 34,42 | 25,090 | 11,540 | 84,819 | 18,558 |
| 1901.02 | 83,280 | 798 | 45,691 | 60,562 | 22,212 | 18,880 | 6,597 | 41,919 | 179,874 | 176,301 | 219,231 | 192,562 | 40,625 | 35,97 | 36,960 | 12,28 | 94,230 | 18,807 |
| 190203 | 110,24 | 41,153 | 50,683 | 62,984 | 25,695 | 25,603 | 8,738 | 45,106 | 193,417 | 190,659 | 288.816 | 202,818 | 49,538 | 37,210 | 45,793 | 15,074 | 111,966 | 20,171 |

APPENDIX K.-continued.

## Money Orders-continued.

Table showing the Amount of Money Order Transactions between the United Kingdom and Foreign Countries

| yetr. | Japan. |  | Norway. |  | Portugal. |  | Sweden. |  | Switzerland. |  | United States. |  | Other Countries. |  | Total. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Issued } \\ & \text { in te } \\ & \text { l'.K. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Issueted } \\ \text { inpan. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { lisued } \\ & \text { int he } \\ & \text { U.k. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { lssued } \\ \text { ind } \\ \text { Norway. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Issued } \\ & \text { in the } \\ & \text { U.K. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Issued } \\ \text { in } \\ \text { intugal. } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Issued } \\ \text { ist } \\ \text { iselen. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Issued } \\ \text { in } \\ \text { in the. } \\ \text { U.K. } \end{gathered}$ | Issued in Switzerland | $\begin{gathered} \text { Issued } \\ \text { int the } \\ \text { inf. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Issued } \\ \text { in } \\ \text { U.s. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Issued } \\ & \text { in the. } \\ & \text { U.K. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \begin{array}{c} \text { Insued } \\ \text { in } \\ \text { inther } \\ \text { Coutrier.er. } \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Issued } \\ & \text { in } \\ & \text { inthe } \\ & \text { U.K. } \end{aligned}$ | Issued Abroad. |
| 1593-94 | ${ }_{8}^{4} 5$ | $\underset{1,051}{\text { c }}$ | $\underset{27,5021}{\mathcal{E}}$ | $\underset{8,6011}{\mathcal{E}}$ | 1,190 | $-\dagger$ | $\frac{\mathrm{t}}{30,664}$ | $n_{11,445}^{e_{4}}$ | $3: \frac{5}{3: 175}$ | $\underset{\sim 3,743}{\mathrm{e}}$ | $257,170$ | $1,0 \times 6,506$ | $\underset{2.092}{\frac{\varepsilon}{2}}$ | $\underset{10,153}{\underset{E}{E}}$ | $\underset{797,377}{\varepsilon}$ | $1,580,715$ |
| 15945 | 1,043 | . 18 | 27.7.74 | 9,37 | 847 | - + | 29,2,3 | 11,89 | 34,373 | 24,50 | 24,177 | 952, 2 | 2,30 | 9,355 | 86,88 | 844 |
| 1995-4; | 081 | 2,2,24 | 20,891 | 11,651 | 916 | - + | 31,783 | 1,8 | 36,079 | 26,5 | 221,873 | 1,015,1 | 2,446 | 10,81 | 799,58 | 1,567,420 |
| 1945-97 | 1,36\% | 2,040 | 36,194 | 11,782 | 729 | - + | ,633 | 12,494 | 38,650 | ,908 | .853 | 973,637 | 3,22 | 2,50 | 899,53 | Ss0, |
| -98 | 1.291 | 2,413 | 164 | 12,501 | 765 | - + | 42, 023 | 14,299 | 39,161 | 28,94 | ,910 | 959,576 | 6,770 | 23,64 | 193, | 1,783,662 |
| 1448-99 | 1,351 | 2,327 | 42,139 | 14,622 | 1,123 | 231 | 43,292 | 14,397 | 38,964 | :0,063 | 255,367 | 952,530 | 13,981 | 30,4 | 1,015,170 | 1,500,9 |
| 1899-1900 | 1,561 | 2,344 | 48,252 | 15,882 | 1,116 | 658 | 45,752 | , 42 | 41, | 31,288 | 248,312 | 1,039,441 | 8,88 | 10,1 | ,036,489 | 1.780,011 |
| 01 | 2,011 | 2,700 | 48,380 | 21,327 | 1,529 | 1,223 | 52,602 | 7,82 | 42.9 | 31,794 | 250,752 | 18, | 8,63 | 2,683 | 1,050,975 | 84,236 |
| 1901-02 | 2,375 | 3,048 | 50,709 | ,09 | 2,033 | 1,854 | 56,32 | 16,40 | 48,481 | *3,79 | 281,887 | 1,189,8 | 7,994 | 11,50\% | 1,175,142 | 1,870,225 |
| 1902-03 | 2287 | 4,296 | 6,542 | 18,617 | 2,1:8 | 2,340 | 66,558 | 17,527 | 52,569 | 34,018 | 309,524 | 1,224,104 | 7,102 | 13,815 | 1, 329,582 | 2,027,785 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

+ The issue of Muney Orders in Portugal on the United Kinglom was suspended.


## APPENDIX K.-continued.

## Money Orders-continued.

Statement showing the Number and Amount of Telegraph Money Order Transactions between the United Kingdom and Foreign Countries during the Year ended 31st March 1903.

| Country. | Date of <br> Commencement. | Issued in the United Kingdom. |  | Issued Abroad. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number. | Amount. | Namber. | Amonnt. |
| Austria | - 1 Feb. 1900 | 278 | $\stackrel{\mathscr{E}}{1,749}$ | 423 | $\stackrel{£}{1.956}$ |
| Belginm - | 1 Oct. 1899 | 746 | 4,641 | 453 | 3,09R |
| Egypt - | - 1 Nov. 1901 | 26 | 218 | 12 | 106 |
| France | 1 June 1901 | 1,677 | 10,663 | 1,663 | 8,525 |
| Germany | 1 Nov. 1898 | 2,242 | 11,326 | 2,852 | 15,551 |
| Hungary - | 1 Feb. 1900 | 97 | 536 | 90 | 495 |
| Italy - | 1 Aug. 1900 | 325 | 2,145 | 227 | 1,326 |
| Luxembourg | 1 Feb. 1900 | 8 | 61 | 3 | 9 |
| Netherlands | 1 Oct. 1899 | 2,002 | 7,877 | 370 | 1,905 |
| Norway | 1 Feb. 1900 | 115 | 802 | 236 | 1,171 |
| Roumania | - " | 28 | 178 | 29 | 182 |
| Sweden - | 1 Jan. 1901 | 85 | 640 | 114 | 683 |
| Switzerland | 1 Feb. 1900 | 223 | 1,560 | 187 | 943 |
| Tota | - - - - | 7,852 | 42,391 | 6,659 | 35,960 |

APPENDIX $L$.

## Postal Orders.

Table showing the Number and Value of Postal Orders issued in each of the last Ten Years.

| Year. | Nember of baci Class of Postal Orders isburd. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total. |  | Increasc per cent. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 8. ${ }_{1}{ }^{\text {d }}$ d. | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { 8. } \\ 1 & d . \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8. } \\ & { }_{0}^{d .} . \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{2}^{s .} \cdot \frac{d}{6}$ | $\begin{array}{cc}8 . \\ 3 & \text { d. }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { s. } & d . \\ 3 & 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\stackrel{\text { s. }}{4} .$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8. } \\ & 4 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{5}^{\text {s. }} . \underset{0}{d .}$ | ${ }_{7}^{\text {s. }} \mathbf{d} .$ | ${ }_{10}^{8 .} . \frac{d .}{0}$ | ${ }_{10}^{2}{ }_{8}^{d} .$ | ${ }_{15}^{8 .} d_{0}$ | ${ }_{20}^{\text {s. }}{ }_{0}^{d}$ | Number. | Value. | No. | Value. |
| 1893-04 | 4,487,000 | 3,275,000 | 3,956,000 | 3,639,000 | ; 3,147,000 | 1,874,000 | 3,687,000 | 1,553,000 | 8,454,000 | 2,658,000 | 7,885,000 | 1,851,000 | 2,224,000 | 9,252,000 | 57,442,000 | $\underset{21,002,000}{\mathcal{L}}$ | 1.2 | 2.0 |
| 189+85 | 4,848,001 | 3,542,000 | 4,311,000 | 3,940,000 | 3,361.000 | 1,908,000 | 3,901,000 | 1,674,000 | 8,949,000 | 2,843,000 | 7,727,000 | 1,479,000 | 2,312,000 | 9,525,000 | 80,910,000 | 82,907,000 | 8.0 | $4 \cdot 6$ |
| 1895-9\% | 8.230,000 | 3,785,000 | 4,578,100 | 4,288,000 | 3,523,000 | 2,123,000 | 4,091,000 | 1,778,000 | 9,349,000 | 3,019,000 | 8,047,000 | 2,112,000 | 2,435,000 | 9,987,000 | 64,329,000 | 24,052,000 | 5.6 | 6.0 |
| 1896-97 | 5,562,000 | 4,041,000 | 4,844,000 | 4,516,000 | 3,706,000 | 2,248,000 | 4,304,000 | 1,903,000 | 9,792,000 | 3,189,000 | 8,326,000 | 2,2z2,000 | 2,546,000 | 10,246,000 | 67,444,000 | 24,897,000 | 4.9 | 3.9 |
| 1897-98 | 6,207,000 | 4,413,000 | 5,217,000 | 4,885,000 | 3,985,000 | 2,388,000 | 4,582,000 | 2,047,000 | 10,310,000 | 3,391,000 | 8,689,000 | 2,360,000 | 2,673,000 | 10,601,000 | 71,657,000 | 26,198,000 | 6.2 | 48 |
| 1598-89 | -7,601,000 | 4,967,000 | 5,843,000 | 5,116,000 | 4,217,000 | 2,535,000 | 4,948,000 | 2,153,000 | 10,917,000 | 3,553,000 | 9,072,000 | 2,444,000 | 2,768,000 | 10,083,000 | 77,046,000 | 87,403,000 | 778 | $4 \cdot 6$ |
| 1599-1000, | 8,921,000 | 5,094,000 | 6,267,000 | 5,432,000 | 4,890,000 | 2,678,000 | 5,428,000 | 2,238,000 | 11,719,000 | 3,740,100 | 9,514,000 | 2,560,000 | 2,876,000 | 11,362,000 | 82,429.000 | 28,834,000 | 7.0 | 5.2 |
| 1900-01 | 8,245,000 | 5,365,000 | 6,56-,000 | 5,730,000 | 6,030,000 | 2,966,000 | 5,682,000 | 9,368,000 | 12,401,000 | 3,089,000 | 10,086,000 | 2,767.000 | 2,096,000 | 11,687,000 | 85,741,000 | 30,106,000 | $4 \cdot 0$ | 4.4 |
| 1901-08 | 7,888,000 | 5,858,000 | 6,828,000 | 6,142,000 | 6,241,000 | 3,148,000 | 5,9+3,000 | 2,556,000 | 13,167,000 | 4,204,000 | 10,718,000 | 8,016,000 | 3,247,000 | 13,997,000 | 91,082,000 | 32,900,000 | 0.2 | 9.5 |
| 1902-08 | 8,280,000 | 8,829,000 | 7,223,001 | 6,478,000 | 5,462,070 | 3,148,000 | 0,208,000 | 2,070.000 | 13,673,000 | 4,318,000 | 10,744,000 | 2,828,000 | 3,220.000 | 12,925,000 | 03,208,000 | 32,900,'00 | $8 \cdot 4$ | $\mathrm{Deos}_{\boldsymbol{g}}$ |

## APPENDIX M.

## Offlial Correspondence.

A Statrment showing the Weight of Correspondence carried for the following Public Offices, \&c., in the Year ended the 31st March 1905.

appendix N.
Telephone Trunk Wires.
Statement showing the Number of Circuits, Miles of Wire, and Calls, together with the Capital Expenditure and the Rat

| Year. | Circuits. | Increase. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Miles } \\ \text { of Wire. } \end{gathered}$ | Increase. | $\underset{\text { Expenditure. }}{\substack{\text { Capital } \\ \text { En }}}$ | Increase. | Calls. | Increase. | Revenue. | Increase. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1997-98 | 877 | 73 | 55,721 | 7,866 | $\underset{1,185,518}{\boldsymbol{t}}$ | $\underset{137,611}{f}$ | 5,888,247 | 648,416 | $\xrightarrow[\text { 134,066 }]{\text { f }}$ | $\stackrel{\text { \% }}{3}$ |
| 1898-99 | 953 | 76 | 63,109 | 7,3:8 | 1,327,297 | 141,779 | 7,066,609 | 1,178,362 | 168,614 | 34,548 |
| 1899-1900 | 1,029 | 76 | 69,713 | 6,604 | 1,500,610 | 178,313 | 8,091,631 | 1,025,022 | 198,071 | 24,457 |
| 1900-01 | 1,116 | 87 | 76,831 | 7,118 | 1,652,780 | 152,170 | 8,980,733 | 889,102 | 214,545 | 21,474 |
| 1901-02 | 1,165 | 49 | 83,302 | 6,471 | 1,866,431 | 213,651 | 10,080,716 | 1,099,983 | 240,656 | 26,111 |
| 1902-03 | 1,309 | 144 | 93,473 | 10,171 | 2,091,417 | 224,986 | 11,574,229 | 1,498,513 | 274.835 | 34,179 |

APPENDIX N.-continued.
Private Wires and Provincial Telephone Exchange Wires.


[^4]APPENDIX N-continued.
Provincial Telephone Exchanges
(Exclusive of those mainly or solely for trunk working).


## APPENDIX 0.

Post Offlice Telephone Service-London Area.
An Account of the above Service from its commencement on lst March 1902 to 31st March 1903.

| Recmipts. |  | Expenditure. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Subscribers' Rentals :- <br> In March 1902 : | $\pm$ | Maintenance of System | $\underset{9,820}{\text { 9 }}$ |
| At Flat Rates - . - - - 682 | 3,065 |  |  |
| At Toll Rates - - - - 2,383 |  | Salaries, Wages, \&c. of Staff, including prorision for Pensions of Established Staff | 10,041 |
| In Pinanial Year 1902-03 : |  |  |  |
| At Flat Rates     <br> At Toll Rates - - - - |  | Rent, Rates, Fuel and Light including estimated Rental Value of Premises already belonging to the Department | 2,590 |
| Less proportion proper to year 1903-04 - $\quad \begin{array}{r}56,286 \\ 31,934\end{array}$ |  | Miscellaneous Expenses (Stationery, Travelling, \&e.) | 827 |
| Message Fees, in addition to fixed minimum of $1 l$. 10 s. per subscriber | 24,352 |  |  |
|  | 228 |  |  |
| Rentals of wires leased to National Telephone Co. <br> Miscellaneous receipts | 18 187 |  |  |
| Value of services rendered to Government Departments without |  | Balance available towards meeting Depreciation, Interest, \&c. (vide notes) |  |
| payment - - - - - - | 1,020 |  | 6,165 |
| £ | 29,443 | £ | 29,443 |

Norgs.-(1). The estimated amount required to provide for depreciation of plant, inclusive of spare wires, is $27,495 l$., and interest at 3 per cent. on the capital expenditure of $1,112,5001$. is $33, \geqslant 75 l$., making together 60,8701 . (2). Terminable annuities have been created, payable from the vote for the Telegraph Service, to provide for the repayment, with interest at $\mathbf{8}$ per cent.,
of capital raised for telephone purposes under the Telegraph Act of 1899 . The proportions proper to the London Telephone Service of the annuity payments
 for interest and sinking fund on a capital expenditure of $1,112,5001$., repayable in 30 years with interest at 3 per cent., would be $56,784 l$.
APPENDIX P.
Nomber and Debcription of Licenses issued by the Post Office in each of the last Ten Years.

| Ybar. | Brewers. |  | Dogs. | $\underset{\text { Servants }}{\text { Male }}$ at 15 s. each. | Carriages. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\stackrel{\Delta t}{\text { each. }}$ | At 48. each. | $\text { At 7s. } 6 d .$ each. |  | At 428. each. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { At } 218 . \\ & \text { each. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { At } 1 \text { se. } \\ & \text { each. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { At 10a. } \mathrm{bd.} \text {. } \\ & \text { each. } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 1883-94 | 4,479 | 11,856 | 1,105,007 | 118,653 | 87,948 | 55,055 | 217,788 | 258 | 1,488 |
| 1894-95 - | 4,418 | 11,573 | 1,152,590 | 114,512 | 28,507 | 52,161 | 214,488 | 385 | 1,720 |
| 1895-98 - | 4,227 | 10,870 | 1,205,615 | 117,176 | 88,294 | 65,945 | 232,505 | 560 | 1,850 |
| 1898-97 - | 3,997 | 9,982 | 1,238,921 | 113,988 | 24,752 | 51,008 | 229,685 | sso | 1,630 |
| 1887-88 - | 3,983 | 9,764 | 1,254,907 | 102,787 | 21,028 | 48,958 | 238,075 | 34 | 1,818 |
| 1896-99 | 8,844 | 9,245 | 1,287,504 | 118,094 | 25,085 | 81,515 | 242,944 | 360 | 1,914 |
| 1899-1800 - | 3,548 | 8,895 | 1,306,567 | 119,8s6 | 28,413 | 50,358 | 248,408 | 356 | 1,797 |
| 1900-01 - | 3,487 | 8,14 | 1,343,013 | 122,404 | 26,533 | 50,370 | 249,753 | 340 | 1,892 |
| 1901-02 - | 8,888 | 7,788 | 1,404,263 | 123,976 | 27,044 | 50,418 | 264,521 | 329 | 1,889 |
| 1092-08 | 3,976 | 7,014 | 1,462,040 | 127,425 | 30,308 | 49,379 | 257,833 | 338 | 2,020 |

APPENDIX P.-continued.
Inland Revenue Licenses-continued.
Number and Description of Licpasees issued by the Post Office in each of the last Ten Years-continued.

| Year. | Armorial Bearings. |  | Guns at 100 . each. | Game. |  |  | GameKeepersat 408. each. | Motors. |  | Total Number | Revenue. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { At ance. } \\ & \text { each. } \end{aligned}$ | $\Delta t 818$. each. |  | $\underset{\text { at } 600 .}{\text { Rod }}$ | Blue and at 40 s . | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Occasional } \\ & \text { at 20e. } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { At } \mathrm{bl}, 56 . \\ \text { each. } \end{gathered}$ | At 4l. 48. each. |  |  |
| 1889-94 | 9,029 | 28,678 | 164,972 | 32.101 | 3,108 | 4,685 | 3,629 | - | - | 1,788,424 | $\underset{\text { 1,034,215 }}{\boldsymbol{R}}$ |
| 1894-85 | 8,985 | 28,085 | 1e9,712 | 31,708 | 8,114 | 4,388 | 3,632 | - | - | 1,827,028 | 1,038,858 |
| 1895-90 | 8,408 | 28,318 | 161,098 | 38,488 | 3,289 | 5,043 | 3,746 | - | - | 1,898,824 | 1,078,994 |
| 1898-97 | 7,881 | 27,767 | 172,887 | 36,308 | 3,406 | 8,794 | 3.903 | - | - | 1,088,708 | 1,093,424 |
| 1897-98 | 6,488 | 26,287 | 176,008 | 37,780 | 8,506 | 5,694 | 3,902 | - | - | 1,985,933 | 1,088,888 |
| 1898-80 | 7,782 | 88,321 | 179,886 | 37,869 | 3,800 | 5,420 | 4,019 | - | - | 2,007,360 | 1,14,810 |
| 1899-1900. | 7,823 | 28,330 | 189,947 | 40,072 | 3,968 | 5,644 | 4,174 | - | - | 2,049,614 | 1,181,058 |
| 1900-01 | 7,963 | 28,998 | 215,591 | 40,523 | 4,160 | 6,087 | 4,226 | - | - | 2,113,840 | 1,194,586 |
| 1901-02 | 7,888 | 28,428 | 288,278 | 43,321 | 4,015 | 8,552 | 4,358 | - | - | 2,206,822 | 1,299,081 |
| 1002-03 | 8,203 | 20,069 | 230,008 | 42,088 | 4.746 | 6,353 | 4,442 | 6 | 128 | 2,285,887 | 1,272,052 |

Revenue of the Postal Sertices.

|  |  |  |  | Total. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\varepsilon$ | $\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}$ | $\varepsilon$ | $\varepsilon$ | \& | £ |  | $\boldsymbol{L}$ |  | $\varepsilon$ |  | 2 |  | $\boldsymbol{L}$ | $\boldsymbol{L}$ |  | ع |  |
| 94 | 10,472,8 | - | 262,009 | 10,734,885 | 46,93 | 171,823 | 185,412 | 4,397,624 | 40.97 | 1,444 | 13 | 720, | ¢24, | 170,311 | 7,76 | 72 | 2,975,173 | 3.143,030 |
| 1894-95 | 10,748,014 | - | 277,446 | 11,025,40 | 12,597 | 175,890 | 188,91 | 4,544,657 | $\cdot 22$ | 1,447 | 13 | 729,813 | 677,524 | 178,464 | 7,055,34 | $72 \cdot 15$ | 3,070,116 | 3,258,109 |
| 1895-06 | 11 |  | 294,575 | 759,9815 | 9,947 | 170,075 | 198.38 | 4,880,171 | -80 | 1,448, | $12 \cdot 32$ | 714,332 | 625,075 | 0,930 | 8,088, |  | 3,6 | 3,893,595 |
| 1886-97 | ,e | , 841 | ,488 | B6, | 8,842 | 2,501 | ,52 | 4,874,099 |  | 1,48, | $1 \cdot 9$ | 722,585 | 619,298 | 197,885 | 8,246,356 | 07.04 | 3,900,579 | 4,771,922 |
| 188 | 12,206,994 | - | 213,682 | 0,37 | 52,784 | 133,309 | 224,244 | 8,174,114 | $41^{68}$ | 1,5 | 12.18 | 788.757 | ${ }^{638} 888$ | 0,688 | 8,683 | $60 \cdot 91$ | 7,059 | 3,923,152 |
| 1898-99 | 12,841,392 | - | 207,9 | 13,040,317 | 37 | , 60 | 249,419 | ,38,7 | $42 \cdot 40$ | 1,08, | 11.77 | 821,370 | 671,078 | B,190 | 9,190,00 | 70.42 | 888 | 4,033,198 |
| 1899-1900 | 13,192,020 |  | 202,31 | 13,391,396 |  |  | 280,0 | 5,889,550 |  | 1.583 | 1.48 | 750,307 | 719,941 | 3,747 | 9,88,99 | 78.29 | 3,710,898 | 3,994,728 |
| 1800-01 | 13,776,888 |  | 218,884 | 13.995,470 | 78,78 | 186,373 | 286,25 | 13,073 |  | 1,57 | $1 \cdot 28$ | s05 | 732,871 | 34,478 | 10,041, | 71.74 | 3,958,888 | \$,188,048 |
| 1901-02 1 | 1 | - | 288,984 | 14,465,870 | 108,340 | 38 | ,88 | 180,598 | $44^{\circ} 72$ | 1,640 | $1 \cdot 34$ | 770,431 | 756,501 | 59,852 | 10,465,1 | 72.34 | 4,00 | 4,267,491 |
| (ed) | 14,700,694 | - | 244,244 | 15,004,038 | 108,093 | 204,125 | 311,182 | 6,704s71 | -8s | 1,065,200 | 11.10 | 770,021 | 783,620 | 270,889 | 10,818,088 | $78 \cdot 10$ | 4,188,872 | 4,900 |

Return showing, for each Year from J893-94, the Revenue, Expenditure, and Net Revenue of the Post Office Telegraphs.

APPENDIX S.
Statement showing for each Year from 1893-94 the combined Revenue, Expenditure, ai!d Net Revende of the

| Year. | Revenue. |  |  | Expenditure. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Per centaneof Total Kxpen-diture $\xrightarrow{\text { total }}$ Revenue. | Net Revenue. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Estimat |  | Salaries, Wages, \&c. |  |  | Surerannuations and other NonEffective Charges |  | Sites and Buildings. |  | Other Expenditure. |  | Total. |  |  |
|  | Receipts. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Services } \\ & \text { to other } \\ & \text { Depart- } \\ & \text { ments- } \end{aligned}$ | Total. | A mount. | Percentage Revenue |  | Amount. |  | Amount. |  | Amount. |  |  |  |  |
| 1893-94 | $\underset{\text { 13,007,140 }}{\varepsilon}$ | $\underset{306,951}{\ell}$ | $\underset{13,31,091}{\mathcal{E}}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \stackrel{\varepsilon}{6,202,227} \end{array}$ | $41 ; 58$ | 68:97 | $\underset{220,0 \mathrm{~s} 5}{\boldsymbol{\boldsymbol { Z }}}$ | $2 \cdot 10$ | $\underset{285,288}{\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}}$ | $8 \cdot 71$ | 3,809,763 | $38 \cdot 23$ | $10,517,357$ | 78.99 | 2,798,734 |
| 1894-95 | 13,346,999 | 324,875 | 13,671,874 | 6,378, 741 | $48 \cdot 65$ | ${ }^{59} 37$ | 288,710 | $2 \cdot 13$ | 24,756 | $2 \cdot 88$ | 3,891,589 | 36-22 | 10.74,3,998 | 78.58 | 2,928,478 |
| 1895-98 | 14,301,119 | 338,620 | 14,639,739 | 6,575,590 | $44 \cdot 92$ | 59.74 | 240,774 | $2 \cdot 19$ | 307,65s | $9 \cdot 81$ | 3,880,587 | $35 \cdot 28$ | 11,018,613 | 78.18 | 3,6s3,128 |
| 1890-97 | 14,88, 948 | 275,43 | 15,114,289 | 6,863,570 | $45 \cdot 28$ | ${ }^{60} \cdot 25$ | 254,908 | $2 \cdot 24$ | 286,018 | $2 \cdot 3$ | 3,998,875 | $35 \cdot 16$ | 11,358,166 | $75 \cdot 15$ | 3,756,123 |
| 1897-98 | 15,237,096 | 255,063 | 15,492,099 | 7,255,123 | $48 \cdot 83$ | 60.15 | 285,785 | $2 \cdot 37$ | 275,500 | $2 \cdot 28$ | 4,240,750 | $35 \cdot 20$ | 12,062,158 | $77 \cdot 88$ | 3,429,041 |
| 1898-99 | 18,045,795 | 269,667 | 18,309,462 | 7,704,289 | $47 \cdot 24$ | 60.30 | 322,882 | 2.65 | 255,016 | $2 \cdot 01$ | 4,3898838 | 31.04 | 12,672,020 | $77 \cdot 70$ | 3,637,42 |
| 1890-1900 | 16,581,766 | 273,081 | 16,854,827 | 8,179,272 | 4s.6s | 60.80 | 350,123 | $2 \cdot 61$ | 381,050 | 2.80 | 4,541,738 | $33 \cdot 81$ | 13,43, 083 | 79.70 | 3,481,744 |
| 1900-01 | 17,187,475 | 297,348 | 17,454,823 | 8,506,848 | $40 \cdot 02$ | 61.83 | 378,330 | $2 \cdot 09$ | 305,212 | $2 \cdot 21$ | 4,005,804 | $3 \times 27$ | 13,888,578 | $78 \cdot 28$ | 3,616,245 |
| 1901-02 | 17,719,504 | 318,412 | 18,035,916 | 8,886,240 | $49 \cdot 27$ | 60.50 | 397,374 | $2 \cdot 71$ | 348,528 | $2 \cdot 37$ | 5,054,879 | 34.42 | 14,687,028 | $81 \cdot 43$ | 3,548,888 |
| 1802-03 (Estimated) | 18,302,139 | 388395 | 18,728,804 | 9,290,975 | $49 \cdot 23$ | 60.92 | 414,883 | 2.74 | 398, 518 | $2 \cdot 62$ | 5,103,5s1 | 33.72 | 15,133,487 | 80.81 | 3,583,387 |

## APPENDIX T.

## Extract from the Finance Accounts for the Year ended 31st March 1903.

Inserted by desire of the Select Committee on Estimates, Revenue Departments.

## Detailed Statement of the Gross Receipts and Net Produce of the Revenue.



General Post Office,
June 1903

CHARLES A. KING, Comptroller and Accountant-General.

## APPENDIX T.-continued,

Telegrapil Service.


General Pust Office, June 1903.

CHARLES A. KING, Comptroller and Accountant-General.
appendix U.

|  | Year ended March 318t. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1893. | 1894. | 1895. | 1896. | 1897. | 1898. | 1899. | 1900. | 1901. | 1902. |
|  | £ | $\boldsymbol{\Sigma}$ | \& | $\pm$ | 夫 | $\boldsymbol{1}$ | $\boldsymbol{\chi}$ | $\boldsymbol{2}$ | $\boldsymbol{\chi}$ | £ |
| Balance in hand at beginning of year | 239,011 | 305,883 | 317,159 | 319,864 | 365,379 | 369,075 | 372,134 | 379,179 | 370,328 | 457,563 |
| Purchases - . - | 287,353 | 355,558 | 225,792 | 296,395 | 397,512 | 389,080 | 402,408 | 500,297 | 663,178 | 782,167 |
| Returns into stock - - | 137,312 | 152,755 | 145,265 | 101,931 | 108,344 | 152,900 | 185,633 | 200,969 | 286,843 | 359,340 |
|  | 663,676 | 814,196 | 688,216 | 718,190 | 871,235 | 911,055 | 960,175 | 1,080,445 | 1,320,349 | 1,599,070 |
| Issues out of stock - - - | 357,793 | 497,037 | 368,352 | 352,811 | 502,160 | 538,921 | 580,996 | 710,117 | 862,786 | 1,087,047 |
| Balance in hand at end of year - | 305,883 | 317,159 | 319,864 | 365,379 | 369,075 | 372,134 | 379,179 | 370,328 | 457,563 | 512,023 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



Manes. Reports of H.M. Inspectors for 1902, with Summariee of the Statistical portion under the provisions of the Coal Mines Regulation Act, 1887 ; Metalliferous Mines Ftegulation Aots, 1872-1875; Slate Mines (Gunpowder) Act, 1882, Districts Nos. 1 to 12. In course of issue.
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\end{aligned}
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[^3]:    - Uneatablished, 75 ; Established, 811.

[^4]:    * These amounts include rentals for certain lines leased to Cable Companies.
    $\ddagger$ The decrease is due to the abolition of Rentals for Telephone Trunk Lines, and the substitution of a system of payment per conversation.
    § The decrease is due to certain lines leased by Cable Companies having been given up, and to the receipts for Telephone Trunk Lines being no longer
    brought to account as rental.
    The rates for Exchange Wires were reduced in 1900 and Subscribers were given the option of renting their circuits at Inclusive or at Toll Rates.

